The Bombay Gazette.

No 9,509—New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, MAY 12, 1879.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

THE following steamers are intended to be DESPATCHED once every four weeks from KURRACHEE to LONDON, calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said, and Algiers, and at Lisbon once a month:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Date.
ARCOT	1782	300	F. M. Burke	5th June.

Cargo and Passengers are booked here for the abovenamed places, also for East African ports for shipment hence by the Kurrachee steamers which leave Bombay on dates to correspond with the dates of sailing from Kurrachee.
For freight and passage apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

WILL DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—
FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. MALDA, 1,942 tons, on SATURDAY, 17th May, 1879, at 2 P.M., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Coompta, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Nagapatam, Madras, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Similipatam, Calingapatam, Gopalpore, False Point. Ports are called at in the foregoing or any order.

CONVEYANCE TO THE NILGHERRY HILLS.—The steamers are timed to reach Beypore at daybreak, and arrangements have been made for a train to leave Beypore specially in connection with the steamers' arrival to convey passengers right through to Mettapolium, where they will arrive at 7-45 p.m., and after staying for the night can proceed up the Ghat early the following morning.

FOR KURRACHEE.

S. S. VINGORLA, 578 tons, on MONDAY, 12th May, 1879, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandvie in the foregoing or any order.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. ABYSSINIA, 1,130 tons, on THURSDAY, 15th May, 1879, at 4 p.m., calling at KURRACHEE, GWADER, MUSCAT JASK, GUNDER ABBAS, LINGA, BAHREIN, BUSHIRE FAO, BUSREH, in the foregoing or any order.

TO LONDON, VIA SUEZ, ALGIERS AND LISBON.

S. S. BURMAH, 1,081 Tons, on 31st May 1879, connecting at Aden with S. S. ARCOT, 1,782 Tons, and AVA, 2,650.
Saloon passage ..... Rs. 400
Second Class passage ..... „ 235

Both Arcot and Ava carry a Surgeon and a Stewardess. Ava is due in London 28th June 1879, and Arcot 12th July. Transfer at Aden made by Company.

TO NATAL, MOZAMBIQUE, ZANZIBAR, ADEN, HODEIDA AND JEDDAH.

S. S. BURMAH, 1,081 Tons, on SATURDAY, 31st May 1879. Cargo and Passengers for Hodeida and Jeddah can be sent by this steamer at through rates. A favourable opportunity of passage to Natal is offered as the Union steamer is timed to leave Zanzibar for Natal within 24 hours of Burmah's arrival.

TO RANGOON.

S. S. CHILKA, 2,000 Tons, on TUESDAY, 13th May, 1879.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 8th May 1879.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.
THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE
GENOA and BOMBAY
on the 24th, on the 1st
of each Month,

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY,
(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Including Wines	3rd Class.	Including Wines
Aden	Rs. 210	Rs. 150	Including	Rs. 40	Including
Suez	360	220	Including	80	Including
Port Said	360	240	Including	100	Including
Messina	500	340	Including	140	Including
Naples	500	340	Including	140	Including
Leghorn	500	340	Including	140	Including
Genoa	500	340	Including	140	Including
Marseilles	510	350	Including	145	Including

Children under 2 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.
NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:
SINGAPORE to sail on TUESDAY, 1st July 1879.
MANILLA to sail on FRIDAY, 1st August 1879.
All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.
The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 a.m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.
For Hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to
C. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 2, Hummum Street.
Bombay, April, 1879.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
S.S. WISTOW HALL,
2,674 Tons, 400 H. P.
CAPTAIN T. COLLIN.

THIS Steamer will be despatched on or about the 6th June. Her Saloon and Cabins are all on Deck. For Passage, &c., apply to Messrs. KING, KING & Co.

EDWARD BATES & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 19th April 1879.

MR. DAVID MACIVER'S LINE OF STEAMERS.

TUSCANY,
CAPT. GOUGH.
BOMBAY TO HAVRE.

THIS Steamer will sail on the 8th June. She has very comfortable accommodation for a limited number of passengers.
Rate of passage money, Rs. 400.
For passage, &c., apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

MR. DAVID MACIVER'S LINE OF STEAMERS.

THESSALY,
CAPTAIN FRANK HARBORD.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
TO SAIL 7TH JUNE.

THIS Steamer's accommodation is all amidships and on Deck. Rate of passage money, Rs. 400.
For passage, &c.
Apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

ANCHOR LINE OF STEAMERS.

ANGLIA,
2,230 Tons Register, 400 H. P. Nominal,
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

THIS Steamer will sail on the 21th instant.
For passage, &c.
Apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

HALL LINE OF STEAMER.

RYDAL HALL,
2,700 Tons, 400 H. P.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

THIS Steamer will sail as above on the 17th May. Her Saloon and State Rooms are all on Deck. For passage or further particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

HALL LINE OF STEAMER.

SPEKE HALL.
2,700 Tons, 400 H. P.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

THIS Steamer will sail as above on the 21st June. Her Saloon and State Rooms are all on Deck. For passage or further particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

NOTICE.—ANCHOR LINE, INDIAN SERVICE.—CONSIGNEES of CARGO, per S. S. ANGLIA, are hereby informed of the Steamer's ARRIVAL from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL, and are requested to present their BILLS of LADING and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS without delay.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

ASHTON AND CO.,

TIN AND ZINC WARE MANUFACTURERS, HOUSE AND SHIP PLUMBERS,
42, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of Tin Manufactured Ware, &c. as Boxes, Baths, Lamps, Lanterns, &c., &c., for sale. Moderate Rates.
Repairs in the above lines undertaken.

ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE CORPORATION.—Policies covering the risk of Fire on Merchandise and Buildings in Bomay are issued by
REMINGTON & Co.,
Agents, Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation.
Bombay, 16th August 1875.

SHIPPING.

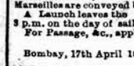
PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched for EUROPE:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1879
— THIBET	2593	400	J. H. Torbock	12th May
(s) SURAT	3141	530	W. B. Breese	19th do.
— KHIVA	2939	450	G. Lee	26th do.
(s) NIZAM	2725	450	A. E. Barlow	30th do.
— VENETIA	2726	450	C. G. Perrins	6th June.
(s) GWALIOR	2725	450	J. C. Babot	13th do.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Ancona, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.
A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.
For Passage, &c., apply to
J. R. KELLOCK,
Bombay, 17th April 1879. Superintendent.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.



THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
TEHERAN	2389	400	A. H. Johnson	12th May.
KHEDIVE	3742	600	J. D. Steward	26th May.
MALWA	2933	450	P. S. Tomlin	9th June.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at p.m. on the day of sailing.
For Passage, &c., apply to
J. R. KELLOCK,
Bombay, 17th April 1879. Superintendent.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
TANJORE	2363	400	W. W. Fentiman	23rd May.
SIAM	3014	500	G. N. Hector	20th June.
ASSAM	3033	500	N. Stewart	18th July.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at 2 p.m. on the day of sailing.
For Passage, &c., apply to
J. R. KELLOCK,
Bombay, 17th April 1879. Superintendent.

INDIAN TEA EMPORIUM.

THE FIRST AND THE OLDEST.

SELECTION,—from TEAS of more than a dozen CHOICEST AND BEST PLANTATIONS.

MORTON & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS OF HOLTA TEA CO.
24, CHURCH GATE STREET,
Opposite to the *Times of India*.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNSWEETENED GIN.

Treacher's Special Importation.

A SAFE and WHOLESOME STIMULANT, eminently suited for Indian consumption.
Per case of 1 dozen, cash Rs. 18.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PETIT MEDOC CLARET.

THE Company's importation of this Wine remains unequalled at the price. The Public are respectfully requested to compare the quality with similar Brands (so styled) recently shipped to this market.
Per doz. Quarts, Cash, Rs. 13-0.

TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.)

ASH'S PATENT CAMDEN CARD SHUFFLER.

BY the use of this simple yet ingenious apparatus Playing Cards can be completely and rapidly shuffled. Any one can use it, and with its use unfairness is impossible.
Cash Rs. 6-12; Credit Rs. 7-8.
Camden and Cavendish Whist Markers, Playing Cards, Treatises on Whist, &c.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

STOUT WATERPROOF GROUND SHEETS,

FITTED WITH BRASS EYELETS.

6 feet by 3	feet ..... each Rs.	9	0
7 „	4½ „ ..... „ „	14	0
8 „	5 „ ..... „ „	20	0

DRAB TWILL SHEETING with the Waterproofing between two textures, very durable, 60 inches wide.....per yard „ 6 8
Ditto in Sheets, about 7½ by 5 ft. each „ 22 8

Ten per cent. Discount for Cash.

TREACHER AND CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER'S GINGER ALE,

A SACCHARINE AERATED WATER OF SPARKLING BRILLIANCE,

IS highly aromatic, pleasingly pungent to the palate, and delightfully refreshing as a beverage for tropical climates.
The various ingredients composing this popular drink are proportioned to a nicety, and the utmost care and cleanliness (as with all our Aerated Waters) are exercised in its production.
PURE WATER, PURE INGREDIENTS, SKILLED LABOUR,
And well constructed and suitable apparatus driven by powerful steam machinery are at our command, coupled with the Factory being under the supervision of a talented Chemist, through whose experience and knowledge we hope to maintain the high reputation so long enjoyed by the Company for their other Aerated Waters.
Cash Re. 1-8 per dozen (bottles extra).

TREACHER AND CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PATENT WROUGHT NAILS.

J. J. CORDES & Co.,
The Patentees and Sole Manufacturers of the well-known Patent Wrought Nails, commonly known as
"EWBANK'S NAILS,"
Desire to make it known that a "STAR" or "CROSS" is their Trade Mark, and that all Nails made and sent out by them, except clasp, bear this mark upon their heads, and that within every Package sent from their Works is also placed a card bearing their Name and Address.
Any Nails, therefore, which are not distinguished as above, must not be confounded with
"EWBANK'S NAILS,"
the quality of which is so well appreciated as being far superior to that of any other make.
DOB WORKS, NEWPORT, MONMOUTHSHIRE, ENGLAND.

WALKER'S EXTRACT OF COFFEE AND CHICORY,

SUPERIOR to anything hitherto offered. One bottle makes fifteen imperial pints of strong Coffee of excellent flavour, the equivalent of 30 large or 60 small breakfast cups, being nearly a pint for one anna. Invaluable in travelling, campaigning, shooting, or at sea.
Per Half Imperial Pint Bottle, Re. 1.
Discount on a Dozen.
D. S. KEMP AND CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW VICTORIA THEATRE, GRANT ROAD.

THE COOLEST PLACE IN BOMBAY.

MONDAY, 12TH MAY.

"Can such things be and overcome us like a summer cloud without our special wonder?"

NEW PROGRAMME.

DELIGHTED AUDIENCES
ASSEMBLE NIGHTLY TO WITNESS THE MARVELLOUS WONDER WORKINGS
of the Renowned Illusionist
DR. SILVESTER
(THE FAKIR OF OOLU).
A LIVING LADY FLOATING IN MID AIR,
Defying the laws of gravitation; this must astound and electrify all beholders.

THE MAGNIFICENT FAIRY FOUNTAIN!
THE SIDE SPLITTING RINKING ACT.
By Messrs. C. SILVESTER & EDWARD NICHOLSON.

MILLION PRICES.
A Plan of this elegant Theatre can be seen and seats booked at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.

Reserved Seats, Dress Circle	Rs.	3
Unreserved do do	„	2
Do do do	„	1
Stalls (unreserved) 8 Annas.		

Tickets can be had at the office of the Byculla Hotel; also at the Waverley Hotel.

SEE OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

BOMBAY, BARODA, AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

APPLICATIONS will be received until the 20th instant from a COMPETENT TEACHER for the PAREL MECHANICS' CHILDREN DAY SCHOOL. Salary Rs. 150 and free quarters.
F. MATHEW,
Agent and Chief Engineer.
General Offices, Bombay, 10th May 1879.

BOMBAY, BARODA, AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

TENDERS will be received by the UNDERSIGNED up to the 17th instant, for the SUPPLY of 750 tons 1st class MOULMEIN TEAK TIMBER.
F. MATHEW,
Agent and Chief Engineer.
Bombay, 10th May 1879.

MANGOES, MANGOES, MANGOES.
NOTICE is hereby given to the Public, that 1st class best MANGOES, "Afoos," "Pyree," and of all descriptions can be had at very moderate prices at the Arthur Crawford Markets, Shop No. 69. Orders from up-country Customers will be promptly attended to. All Orders to be accompanied with their proper address and remittance in postage stamps or currency notes. Orders from Customers can be sent direct to Europe.
GEEGA NATHOO,
Fruit Merchant, No. 69 Arthur Crawford Markets, Bombay.
May 2, 1879.

WANTED, for the use of the Central Provinces Police, 35,635 yards of TURKEY RED CLOTH, to be delivered at the following Railway Stations:—

At Nagpore	13,000	yards.
Warora	2,890	„
Wardah	1,960	„
Khandwa	1,830	„
Itarsi	4,100	„
Narsingpur	4,530	„
Jubbulpore	7,225	„
	35,635	„

2. All the bales must be carefully packed and delivered to the DISTRICT SUPERINTENDENT of POLICE at the various stations named. A receipt will then be given, and on presentation thereof to the Inspector General of Police, a cheque for price will be issued.
3. Tenders with samples must be forwarded not later than 10th June 1879.
J. L. LOCH, Lieut.-Colonel,
Offic. Ins. Genl. of Police, C. P.

WHISKIES IN WOOD.

Just received ex s. s. "Teheran."
Cash. Credit.

Irish and Scotch, per Imperial Gallon	8	9	9	0
Dry Gin in cases has also been received, price per doz	24	0	25	0

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.
10th May 1879.

J. NEUBERG'S CIGARETTE MANUFACTORY.

FINEST TURKISH.
AROMATIQUE.

		per 1,000		per 100	
No 1	EMPRESS	Rs.	34	Rs.	3 8
„ 2	PRINCE	„	30	„	3 4
„ 3	TRIUMPH	„	28	„	3 0
„ 4	IONE	„	24	„	2 8

MILD TURKISH.
MOST DELICATE AND AGREEABLE.

		per 1,000		per 100	
No 5	SUCCESS	Rs.	24	Rs.	2 8
„ 6	MEDON	„	20	„	2 4
„ 7	BIJOUX	„	18	„	2 0
„ 8	NYDIA	„	18	„	2 0
„ 9	NYMPH	„	15	„	1 12

GOLDEN SHAG.
EXQUISITE FLAVOUR AND BOUQUET.

		per 1,000		per 100	
No 10	CONFIANCE	Rs.	20	Rs.	2 4
„ 11	ASSOCIATE	„	18	„	2 0
„ 12	CONSTANTIA	„	15	„	1 12

GOLDEN VIRGINIA.
PLEASANTLY FULL FLAVORED.

		per 1,000		per 100	
No 13	WALKYR	Rs.	18	Rs.	2 0
„ 14	ZULEIKA	„	15	„	1 12

MANUFACTURED DAILY.
ALWAYS FRESH
AND
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Note.—The superlative superiority of the above Cigarettes, to any imported Brands, is simply due to the delicious freshness which distinguishes them, and which is their greatest charm.

Illustrated Price List forwarded on application.

REAL
HAVANNAH CIGARS.
J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY

INFIRMITIES OF VISION.

SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES
OF THE FINEST
BRAZILIAN PEBBLE,
Accurately cut and of a variety to suit every degree of defective sight.
Pebble Spectacles for long or short sight, with Aluminium Gilt or Blue Steel Frames and in Morocco Cases, Rs. 7.
The same in turn-pin Gold Frames, Rs. 28.
Double Pebble Eye Glasses, in Patent Non-Pressure Spring Gold Frames, Rs. 30.
Skeleton Folder Double Eye Glasses, Glass Lenses, Spring Mounted, but without frames, Rs. 4.
Single Oxford Eye Glasses, Pebble Rs. 3. Glass „ 1.
Strongly Convex Glass Spectacles, of short Focus, for *Cataract*. In common frames for indigent patients, Rs. 2.
Sun Spectacles and Protectors of all patterns, Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 6.

N.B.—The genuineness of all pebble lenses will be demonstrated by an optical test at the desire of the purchaser.
When ordering, correspondents will kindly state:—
1st. Whether the patient is long or short sighted.
2nd. Distance from the eyes at which a newspaper is most easily read without spectacles.
3rd. Whether required for reading, &c., or for out-door wear.
4th. Whether spectacles have been worn before.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
Sassoon House, Bombay.

OLD GLENLIVET.

THIS WHISKY is a blend from some of the most noted Distilleries in Scotland, and is guaranteed to consist of PURE MALT SPIRIT only. It is thoroughly matured, very mellow, and entirely free from any smoky or objectionable flavour.
As large holders of the different kinds from which the Blend is made, we are in a position to allow the various Distillings to become thoroughly amalgamated before being bottled, an advantage which consumers of the article will readily appreciate.
TREACHER & Co. feel that it would be an insult to the intelligence of their Constituents to *put forward* Chemical Analysis and Medical Reports regarding this "Fine Old Spirit," as, however, gratifying these may be in themselves, they are obviously useless as affording a guarantee, that the Spirit offered, is the same as that commented upon.
TREACHER & Co. consider that the proper test of excellence of any article, consists in the demand for it, and judged by that standard, the fact, that, the sale of their "Fine Old Glenlivet" has increased more than tenfold during the past three years, and continues monthly to increase, may be accepted as conclusive proof of its character and value.
Samples sent on application.
Per 1 dozen case ..... Cash Rs. 22-8.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY. BYCULLA AND POONA.

THE MEDICINE FOR INDIA.

SUMMER EFFERVESCENT AND PURIFYING SALINE.

SOVEREIGN in Headache, Biliousness, Boils, Skin Eruptions, Sea Sickness, Gastric Disorders, Impurities, and many Febrile attacks.
Safe but efficient Aperient, counteracting the baneful effects of climate, and quickening the functions.

EXCELLED BY NO IMPORTED PREPARATION.
GOOD CONDITION ALWAYS GUARANTEED.
Per Bottle Re. 1-4. Per Dozen Rs. 12.

D. S. KEMP AND CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

CLOTHING FOR THE HOT SEASON.

ASQUITH and LORD have a large and choice selection of Fine Tropical Angolas and India Tweeds, suitable for wear during the hot weather. They have also a large and varied assortment of Fine French Cambric and Oxford Cloth Shirtings, for the Manufacture of their Celebrated Cool and Comfortable Fitting Shirts.
The prices of all Goods in our Manufacturing Departments are as reasonable as those paid at Home, and the fit, work, and quality is in all cases guaranteed.
An inspection is politely invited.

ASQUITH AND LORD,
THE OVERLAND & TRAVELLER'S KIT WAREHOUSE,

8, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

HOT SEASON CLOTHING.

THORPE AND COMPANY

HAVE a nice SELECTION of MATERIALS for the HOT SEASON consisting of Brown Hollands, Drills, China Silks, Alpacas, &c.
Also some excellent Bedford-cords and Whip-cords for Riding Trousers or Breeches.

LOOSE COAT, BLACK ALPACA	Rs.	10	0	
Do. DRAB ALPACA	„	10	0	
Do. CHINA SILK	„	12	0 to 20	0
BROWN HOLLAND SUITS	„	14	0	
BEST AMERICAN DRILL SUITS	„	10	0	
SHIKAR SUITS	„	10	0 to 14	0
BEDFORD-CORD TROWSERS OR BREECHES	„	18	0 to 24	0
WHIP-CORDS IN VARIOUS SHADES	„	18	0 to 24	0
CAMBRIC WASHING TIES, SPOT AND STRIPES	„	5	0 dozen.	
WASHING PIN SCARVES, FANCY PATTERNS	„	1	4 each.	
WASHING LIGHT FANCY WINDSORS	„	1	0 to 2	0
Do. KNOT SCARVES	„	1	12 each.	
SUMMER GAUZE MERINO UNDER VESTS	„	12	0 ½ dozen.	
BROWN COTTON HALF HOSE, FROM	„	8	0 dozen.	
SUN UMBRELLAS	„	3	8 each.	
CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS	„	5	8 dozen.	

THORPE AND COMPANY,
CIVIL, NAVAL AND MILITARY OUTFITTERS,
MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.
BY LAND OR SEA.

BADHAM, PILE AND COMPANY
Beg to Draw the attention of Travellers and others to their
CELEBRATED TRAVELLING KIT READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.

The prices quoted below are for Cash only.

	Rs.	a.
Deck Suits	10 to 15	8
Overland Suits	27	0
Warm Suits	30 to 40	0
Boys' Sailor Suits	9	8
Overcoats and Ulsters from	35 to 65	0
Dressing Gowns from	9 to 20	0
Pyjamas	3	0
Oxford Shirts, Collar attached	6	0
White do.	5	0
French Cambric do., Collar attached	5	0
English Cambric do	4	0
Best Shrunk Flannel do	8	0
Silk and Wool do	8	8
Spun Silk do	10	0
Gents' Under Vests	6	0
Bathing Drawers	2	0
Gents' Under Pants	4 to 8	0
Gents' Cotton Socks, doz.	8	8
Warm do	15	8
Ladies Under Vests	4-8 to 6	8
Ladies' White Cotton Hose doz	13	8
Ladies' Heather Merino Hose doz	9	0
Children's White Cotton Socks, from doz.	6-4 to 12	8
Heather Merino do.	6-8 to 12	8
Ladies' Sun and Travelling Hats, from	6 to 15	0
Travelling Caps	4	8
Travelling Seal-skin Caps	6-8 to 8	8
Dress Boots and Shoes from	12	8
Travelling Hats	4	8
Cardigan Jackets	9-8 to 12	8
Sheets, per pair	9	8
Pillow Cases, each	1-4 to 2	8
Blankets each	10	8
Long Rugs or Scotch Mauds	10 to 10	5
Razais or Quilts	5	8
Ladies' Wool Shawls	22	0
Portmanteaus or Overland Trunks	12-8 to 23	0
Solid Leather do	49	0
Extra Large do	75	0
Black Hide Bags	24	0
Extra large do	24	0
Gladstone Bags	35	0
Ladies' Hand Bags	7	8
Travelling Writing Cases fitted	11	4
Gents' Bags, fitted complete	72	0
Ladies' Carriage Bags, fitted complete	58	8
Gents' Dressing Cases	11	8
Gents' Pigskin Dressing Cases, complete	25 to 30	0
Solled Linen Bags, all sizes	5 to 6	0
Courier Bags	9-8 to 12	8
Money Belts	2-8 to 6	8
Sovereign Boxes	3-8 to 4	0
Tiffin Baskets fitted, 16 to 22	8	8
Air Pillows	5	0
Travelling do	1	8
English Feather do	7	8
Ashantee Hammock from 10	8	8
Sawmy Jewellery, &c., &c.		
English horse hair pillows	7	8
Folding Camp Bedstead	50	0
Cork Mattresses	22	8
Cotton do	15	0
Rug Straps	1-8 to 2	8
Waterproof Coats	10	0
60-Inch Drab Twill Waterproof Sheeting	6	0
42-Inch White Waterproof	4	8
Linen Faced Collars doz.	0	12
Linen Faced Cuffs per doz.	1	8
Linen Cuffs per doz	13	8
Linen Collars doz.	6	0
Cambric Handkerchiefs	5	0
Warm Gloves	1	8
Children's Gloves 1 to	1	8
Mitts	1	8
Mufflers	2	12
Pins, Scarf	1	12
Sailors' Knot	2	12
Windsors for Bow or Ring 2-8 to	4	0
Gents' Canvas Shoes	2	8
Gents' Slippers	2	8
Ladies' Shoes	2	12
China Bath Slippers	1	8
Fliters for Travellers covered Wicker, from	14	0
Pocket Filters	3	8
Air Tight Uniform cases	23	0
Sponge Bags	1	8
Sponges	1	8
Soap Boxes	1	8
Smelling Salts, per bottle	2	0
Aromatic Vinegar per bot	2	8
Helmet Cases	7	12
Portable Ink Stand	1	8
Tooth Brush Guards	0	1
Do. Brushes	0	1
Nail Do	0	1
Hair Brushes and Combs		
In Pigskin case, 9-8 to 12	8	
Razors, Ivory Handles	3	2
Do. Strops 3-8 to	4	0
Nail Scissors 1-8 to	1	8
Briar Root Pipes	1	8
Tobacco Pouches	1	8
Champagne Taps	8	8
Pocket Knives	1	8
Marine Soap, 4 cakes for	1	0
Shaving do Stick	1	0
Lloyd's Euxesis	1	4
Oriental Tooth Paste	1	8
Fragrant Florelline	1	8
Luggage Labels, per doz.	0	12
Lloyd's Life-Saving apparatus	12	8
Overland Chairs best Beach 6-8 to	13	8
Do. Sunshades	6	8
Ladies' White Cotton	5	8
Gent's' Umbrellas	5	8
Double Iron Bedstead, 7ft. 6in	95	0
Single Iron Bedstead, 6ft. 6in	75	0
Portable Washstands	32	8
Travelling Canteens	31	0
Chubb's Despatch Boxes Fitted	60	0
Chubb's Cash Boxes 20 to	30	0
Silber's Patent Lamps 7-8 to	35	
Hat Guard	0	

BADHAM PILE AND COMPANY,
BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRANT ROAD THEATRE.

LESSEES—Messrs. JACK & WHEATLEIGH.
THIS (MONDAY) EVENING, 12TH MAY.
THE MONSTER BILL.
LAST TIME TO-NIGHT.
OVERWHELMING SUCCESS OF
MISS FIRMIN
In her versatility of
EMOTIONAL ACTING, BALLADS AND COMIC SONGS.
MR. WHEATLEIGH
In his great delineation of
BOUCICAULT'S KERRY.
MR. JOHN JACK
In a character part.
ALLEGORICAL NATIONAL BALLADS.
OPERATIC, DRAMATIC AND VARIETY.
The performance commencing with Dion Boucicault's very choice Irish drama of
KERRY, or NIGHT AND MORNING.
LOOK AT THIS OLIO.

Song ..... "The Standard Bearer." HARRY ST. MAUR
Ballad ..... "Down by the River side." MISS ANNIE FIRMIN.
Comic Song ..... "Ye Lord Lovell." Mr. CHARLES WHEATLEIGH.
New Nautical Song ..... "Jack's Yarn"—Diehl. MR. GEO. NORVILLE.
Grand Allegorical Tableau.
BRITANNIA
Britannia ..... Mrs. Norville.
The Great Comic Irish Character Song
THE DOUGHERTY FUSILIERS,
In character,
MISS ANNIE FIRMIN.
To conclude with the side-splitting and roaring Farce of
BOX AND COX.
TUESDAY—THE NEW MAGDALEN
FRIDAY—SIR JOHN FALSTAFF.
JOHN JACK'S BENEFIT.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Family Tickets for three ..... Rs. 10
Dress Circle ..... Rs. 4 | Gallery ..... Rs. 2
Orchestra Stalls ..... Rs. 3 | Pit ..... Rs. 1
Reserved Seats may be secured at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co's., where a plan of the Theatre may be seen.
Doors open at 8-3. Commence at 9.

TO BE LET, from 15th May, for five months, a FURNISHED BUNGALOW, on the Ridge at Malabar Hill. For particulars apply to
E. W. FLOWER,
4, Hummum Street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, with immediate possession, a FURNISHED BUNGALOW in the Marine Lines for one month. For particulars apply to
E. W. FLOWER,
4, Hummum Street. House Agent.

THE UNDERSIGNED has been APPOINTED AGENT of the ASSECURAZIONI GENERALI of Trieste (General Insurance Company, Limited).
J. JANNI.
Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, 10th May, 1879.

THE MANOCKJEE PETIT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a DIVIDEND at the RATE of Rs. 30 Thirty per SHARE will be PAID on and after WEDNESDAY next, the 14th instant, during Office hours, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 5, Hornby Row, to SHAREHOLDERS whose names stand on the Register this day.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 12th to 14th instant, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board,
C. & F. DINSHAWJEE, Agents.
Bombay, 10th May 1879.

THE UNDERSIGNED, LANDING and SHIPPING CONTRACTORS, possessing STEAM LAUNCH, BARGES of 100 t

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

SATURDAY EVENING, 10TH MAY 1879.

THE main feature in business here continues to be the activity in cotton. During the early part of the week, the Liverpool accounts were very strong and active, buying resulted at rapidly advancing prices. On Wednesday, however, Mid. Orleans in Liverpool touched 7d. per lb., and it almost seems as if at that the market had seen the highest point, for a time at least, as the telegrams ever since have been much quieter in tone. Prices here though do not show much sign of giving way, and as there will be no weight of cotton to come on the market we may look for a comparatively high level of rates being maintained for the remaining four weeks of the season. Seeds, owing to the paucity of supplies, have been run up to very high prices, but the shipments are small. Piece Goods have undergone some improvement, both as regards price and extent of demand, but Metals and most other articles of import remain quiet. Money has still, if anything, a slightly easier tendency. Government Paper is depressed, Shares dull, Sterling Exchange quiet at a slight advance on the week. Freights remain very dull at 23s. 9d. to 24s. per ton by steamer and 15s. to 17s. 6d. per ton by sailing ship for Liverpool.

MONEY.—The last return of the Bank of Bombay for the week ending on 3rd instant showed a decrease in the Cash Balance of nearly 12 lacs owing mainly to an increase in Bills Discounted, or in other words to a more active trade demand, and there has accordingly been no reduction made yet in rates of discount, which still stand at 8 per cent. on fixed and 9 per cent. on demand loans. With accommodation obtainable in the open market, however, at 6 per cent., and the end of our export season rapidly approaching we must look for easier money at no distant date, and probably extremely low rates during the rains.

EXCHANGE.—We have had a quiet steady market in Sterling throughout the week, only a moderate business has been done, and rates have not fluctuated materially. Business for the mail opened on the basis of 1s. 7 9-32d. for demand bank and 1s. 7¼d. for 3 months' Credit bills, and at first the tendency, if anything, was more downward than upward, but on Wednesday morning, owing to Bar Silver in London having advanced from 50 1-16d. to 50¼d. per oz., rates were raised 1-32d. to 1-16d. On Thursday morning the news that Council drafts had brought an average of 1s. 7¼d., which was slightly higher than had been expected here, induced a further rise of 1-32d., but Bar Silver in the meantime having receded again to 50¼d. and the amount of private paper offering being small, the advance was not maintained on Friday for house paper, although bank bills were still obtainable at the top rate. On Saturday the feeling was quieter, but there was no actual change in rates and we accordingly quote:—Bank Bills on demand, 1s. 7 11-32d.; 6 months' 1s. 7 19-32d. Credits, 3 months' 1s. 7 9 16; 6 months' 1s. 7 11-16d.; Documents 3 months' 1s. 7¼d., 6 months' 1s. 7¾d. per rupee.

For future delivery the Banks are still willing buyers, but most unwilling sellers, indicating that the belief continues strongly in favour of lower rates after the close of our export season. And that we shall see a lower level than the figures now current is, we think, highly probable, in fact if we had only the ordinary market influences to look to it is difficult to say how far we might decline during the slack season. The action Government may take, however, in connection with the 10 million loan will, it is generally anticipated, prevent the extreme depression which might otherwise be expected, and a minimum of 1s. 7d. for Council drafts may not improbably mark the lowest point of the market.

In Gold we have not heard of any transactions for export this week, and the quotation remains unaltered at Rs. 19-10-6 per tola.

On Calcutta the rate for demand drafts has receded to 1-16 per cent. premium, and 60 days' sight has recovered to 1 per cent. discount.

On China there is nothing doing and the quotation is quite nominal. From Hongkong the latest quotation by wire for 6 months' sight Bank Bills on London is 3s. 8¼d. per dollar, and from Shanghai 5s. 0¾d. per rupee.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.—The market has been very depressed throughout the week, and rates have declined ½ to ¾ per cent., but even at that level there have been no buyers. We quote:—Fours, Rs. 91¾; Fours-and-a-half, Rs. 96½ to ¾

Tenders for the new 5 crore loan will be opened in Calcutta to-day, and great diversity of opinion prevails as to the probable result, but the majority of people seem to think that unless the Government minimum is fixed very low, a thing like the full amount will be subscribed. From what we can learn the bulk of the tenders sent from here range between Rs. 93 and Rs. 95 per cent., and should the minimum have been fixed at or below the former price the full sum may be taken up, but with a minimum of Rs. 95 a very general idea prevails that not more than 2½ crores will be subscribed.

SHARES.—All speculation has left the market for the time being and very few real transactions have taken place for weeks past. In *Bank* shares we notice a decline of 1½ per cent. in Bank of Bombay which now stand at Rs. 650. Agras are unaltered at Rs. 130, but Nationals have recovered to Rs. 107. *Land* Companies are very dull and we have merely to notice an advance of Rs. 2 in Freres and Rs. 2½ in Port Canalgo. *Press* shares have not changed hands to any extent. We notice a decline of Rs. 35 in Apollo and Rs. 5 in Mofussil Co., but in Banks there has been an advance of Rs. 10, in French Press Rs. 20 in Indian Press Rs. 30, and Scinde Press Rs. 40 per share. *Spinning and Weaving* Companies fluctuate slightly from day to day, but with cotton advancing as it has been doing lately, prospects are the reverse of favourable and real investors decline to operate. The movements of the week have only resulted in an advance of Rs. 15 in Great Eastern, Rs. 10 in Khandelsh, and Rs. 5 in Hindustan, Madras United and Manockjee Petit. Jam-e-Baloo are Rs. 10 lower.

PIECE GOODS.—The demand on the part of up-country dealers has not undergone any very marked improvement, the ordinary clearances from the Bazar being only estimated at 2,000 packages for the week, but the market has nevertheless shown a much better feeling; a more active enquiry has prevailed from first hands, and in some of the leading makes an advance of one and in some cases two annas per piece has been established. We are still 3d. and in some descriptions more per piece behind Manchester, but from present appearances this deficiency seems in a fair way of being pulled up, supplies being small, whilst not only is the firmness apparent here, but Calcutta and Madras have been receiving much more active, and those markets have taken considerable parcels of goods from us lately.

GRAY GOODS.—Shirtings have been active request throughout and in 39 inch cloths a large business has been done, especially in 8¼ lbs. Prices are about As. 1 per piece higher. O 44 inch goods only moderate sales have been effected but prices are As. ½ to As. 1 per piece better. For 60 and 60 inch the enquiry is not perticularly active, but rates tend in favour of sellers. For Printers, Madapollams and T. Cloths a moderate demand prevails and slightly higher prices have been obtainable. Mulls and Jacconets are in request at hardening rates. *Bleached* Goods have not materially altered in position, Shirtings, Jacconets and Mulls being the makes in most demand. Prices although firmer are not quotably higher. *Dyed and Printed and T. Red* Goods have participated to some slight extent in the general improvement, the clearances having been larger than for some time back, but prices are not quotably altered. Long made goods have been in better request latterly and fair sales have been made at rather higher values.

TWIST.—The improved demand which we noticed last Mail has continued this week, and a good business has been done at a general advance of As. ½ to As. 2 per lb. Stocks of English Yarns are now very moderate and the tone of the market at the close is very firm. For local made Yarns, the enquiry is also larger and an advance of As. ½ per lb. has been obtained.

METALS.—*Copper*.—Only a small business has been done this week and prices are unchanged. *Yellow Metal* is dull, somewhat difficult of sale at a decline of As. 8 per cwt. *Iron* has undergone a slight reaction again, the demand being decidedly less active than it was a week ago. Swedish Bars and Nail Rods, both round and square, are Re. 1 per candy lower.

COALS.—A fair demand still prevails, and sales to arrive have been effected during the week of about 1,000 tons Laird's Welsh Hartley by steamer at Rs. 22½, 1,500 tons Cadzow (Glasgow) by steamer at Rs. 21, about 500 tons Davison's West Hartley by steamer at Rs. 23½, about 3,000 tons Davison's May-June shipment by Copes at Rs. 21½, and 1,500 to 2,000 tons at Rs. 21½ per ton alongside.

COTTON.—We have had another active week with a large business at higher prices. To begin with the market opened last Tuesday morning with a somewhat quieter feeling and prices for a time were Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy lower. After receipt of the opening messages from Liverpool, however, an advance of Rs. 4 took place, and on Wednesday a further rise of Rs. 5 was asked by sellers. This, however, put buyers out of the market and a decline of Rs. 2 had to take place before business was practicable. Since then the Liverpool advices have been quieter in tone and rates have further given way Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy, but sellers, in the face of small supplies and the rapid approach of the end of the season, show little desire to do business on this basis.

The *purchases* for export during the week, sum up about 25,000 bales, consisting of about 2,000 bales Ginned Broach, 7,000 bales Dholleras, 4,000 bales Comptas, 1,000 bales Sawginned Dharwar and 11,000 bales Oomrawuttee.

The *receipts* from up-country show the following comparisons with the two previous seasons:—

	1879.	1878.	1577.
For the Week	42,888	33,884	49,872
Since 1st September	579,985	723,504	888,460

The *clearances* for sea since the departure of last Mail have been 36,828 bales, making a total of 329,022 bales since 1st January against 465,053 bales for the same period last year. The figures still show a deficiency therefore of 136,031 bales, but the sailings before the end of the month will be large, and we still regard our estimate of 550,000 bales for the six months as quite probable unless we have an unusually early break of the monsoon.

The supplies are still largely made up of Oomrawuttee descriptions, the crop of which is turning out much more favourably than was at first anticipated. Dholleras is also coming in pretty freely, and moderate supplies of Comptas are being received, but Broach has almost come to an end, and of Ginned Dharwar we shall receive very little, the crop being only estimated at about an eighth of an average while the quality is miserably poor.

The following are to-day's quotations for full pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without commission:—

		Per Candy.	For lb. C. & F.
New Good M. G. Broach, May		Rs. 260 =	6¾d.
" Oomra	"	" 243 =	6d.
" F.G.F. Do.	"	" 237 =	5 13/16d.
" G. F. Do	"	" 232 =	5 11/16d.
" Good Dholleras	"	" 245 =	6 1/16d.
" F.G.F. Do.	"	" 238 =	5¾d.
" G. F. Do.	"	" 233 =	5¾d.
" Good Ginned Dharwar	"	" 230 =	5 11/16d.
" G.F. Compta	"	" 210 =	5 13/16d.

The visible supply of Cotton for the U. K. comprises with the corresponding date on the two previous years as follows:—

	1879.	1878.	1877
Stock in Liverpool	599,000	895,910	1,143,060
Do. London	54,000	10,330	44,280
American afloat	160,000	171,000	170,000
E. Indian "	157,000	90,000	127,000
Total	940,000	1,167,240	1,484,340
Price of Mid. Orleans	6 15-16d.	6¼d.	6 1-16d.
" Fair Dhollers	5¼d.	4¾d.	4 11-16d.
Difference	1 7-16d.	1½d.	1½d.

The American Cotton Crop figures to date are as follows:—

	1879.	1878.	1877
Week's Receipts	20,000	22,000	18,000
" Exports to U K	37,000	41,000	29,000
" " Continent.	4,000	14,000	13,000
Total Recpts since 1st Sept.	4,320,000	4,101,000	3,840,000
" Exports to U K	1,846,000	1,814,000	1,796,300
" " Continent. "	1,359,000	1,244,000	908,300
" Stock at the Ports.	340,000	384,000	521,000

SEEDS.—*Linseed* has been in active request throughout and arrivals being very small prices have advanced As. 7 per cwt., to-day's quotation being Rs. 7-8 per cwt. *Rapeseed* is in a similar position at an advance of As. 4 to As. 5 per cwt., the closing price being Rs. 7 8 to Rs. 7-9 per cwt. Of *Gingelly* Seed supplies are practically exhausted and quotations are almost nominal at Rs. 43 to Rs. 49 per candy.

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 12-10
Carolus	" 224
Mexican Dollars	" 222
Five-Franc Pieces	" 240
Bar Silver, 17 to 17¼ bottermore	" 106-4-0
Gold Leaf	" 20-1-0
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	" 19-14-0
Australian Gold, 100 touch	" 19-14-0
Bombay Bar Gold 100 touch	" 19-10-0
Pekin Gold Bars	" 19-6-0

BANK OF BENGAL.

THE following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 6th May compared with that for 29th April:—

LIABILITIES.	29th April. Rs. A. P.	6th May. Rs. A. P.
Capital	2,00,00,000 0 0	2,00,00,000 0 0
Reserve Fund	18,95,916 0 0	18,95,916 0 0
Treasury Balance	2,37,97,093 12 10	2,21,56,881 14 2
Other Deposits	2,36,59,429 11 11	2,56,69,685 4 10
Bank Post Bills, &c.	10,57,132 2 0	6,02,648 5 6
Sundries	12,56,371 9 10	12,73,069 15 5
	Rs. 7,16,96,442 4 7	7,15,87,981 7 11

ASSETS.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Government Securities	74,79,069 8 0	77,18,593 8 0
Loans on Govt. Securities	59,28,246 11 7	59,26,711 2 11
Credits on ditto	84,36,457 8 4	74,93,686 12 3
Bills Discounted	2,25,05,453 9 5	2,20,04,268 10 5
Balances with other Banks	9,94,739 14 6	10,68,724 10 5
Bullion		
Dead Stock	9,67,447 12 5	9,61,825 14 5
Stamps	7,492 15 6	6,895 5 6
Sundries	1,84,299 15 6	1,71,148 6 8
Cash at Head Office	91,97,180 16 2	98,99,618 7 0
Do. at Branches	1,59,18,674 8 2	1,63,25,801 10 2
	7,16,96,442 4 7	7,15,87,981 7 11

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE AND LISTS OF PASSENGERS BY SEA.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s s. s. COCONADA, 547 tons, Captain A. Morris, sailed on Saturday last for Cochin in ballast.

MESSRS. R. RUBATTINO Co.'s s. s. MANILLA, 2,487 tons, Captain G. Dodoro, sailed on Saturday last for Genoa, with a general cargo.

THE s. s. CRIMDON, 1,099 tons, Captain A. Brakenberry, sailed on Saturday last for Dunkirk, with a general cargo, and Mrs. three Misses, and Master Lamborn, as passengers.

THE s. s. KRISHNA, 198 tons, Captain R. S. Powell, arrived in harbour on the 10th instant from Mauritius, with a cargo of 3,841 bags sugar, and 5 cases indigo, and 5 deck passengers. The vessel is consigned to Mr. J. A. Shepherd.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s s. s. VINGORLA, 315 tons, Captain O. R. Mitchell, will sail to-day for Kathiawar Coast and Kurrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr. R. Barnaby, Mr. and Mrs. H. Sadler, and 101 deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s s. s. ETHIOPIA, 1,314 tons, Captain G. W. Wicks, sailed on Saturday last for Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Meers. Rattonjee Bomanjee and Pestonji Cowasjee, Mr. and Mrs. Belwant Bapoo, Mr. O. S. Harvey, and 37 deck passengers.

THE A. H. LLYD Co.'s s. s. ACHILLE, 1,476 tons, Captain E. Feri, arrived in harbour on the 10th inst. from Trieste, with Mr. Janni, 26 deck passengers, and the following cargo:—20 casks beer, 349 packages papers, 12 cases glassware, 5 packages hardware, 27 cases thread, 7 cases medicine, 2 cases gold thread, 2 cases dye, 21 packages sundries, 92 cases glassbeads, 90 packages arsenic, 6 cases wine, 50 cases tobacco, 9 packages almonds, 38 boxes specie, 10 packages sharkfins, 1 case shells, 7 packages slops, 40 cases champagne, 474 packages jaggree, 244 packages grain, 380 packages senna, 17 cases gum, 1 package wool, 10 packages coffee, and 1 package silk.

ARRIVALS.

May.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
10	Achille(s)	Forti	Trieste, Apr 15.
	Krishna (s)	Powell	Mauritius, Apr 27.

DEPARTURES.

May.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
10	Coconada(s)	Morris	Cochin.
	Ethiopia (s)	Wicks	Coast and Calcutta.
	Crimdon (s)	Brakenberry	Dunkirk.
	Manilla (s)	Dodoro	Genoa.

The steamer Vingorla, Mitchell, to K Coast and Kurrachee, obtained her port clearance on Saturday last.

The following vessels were entered for loading on Saturday last:—

Steamer Achille, to Trieste.
Ship Coldstream, to London.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVAL.

May.			
7	Satara (s)	Morby	Camorta, Apr 24.
	Star of Denmark	Willis	—, Jan 18.

DEPARTURES.

May. 7.—Steamers Meinam and Eldorado. Ship Sam Mendel, Barque Anne Royden.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

May.			
9	Blackwall	.....	Colombo.
9	Socotra (s)	.....	Negapatam.
	Knight Templar (s)	.....	Pondicherry.
	D. of Buccleuch (s)	.....	Calcutta.

DAILY IMPORTS.—MAY 10.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Clan Gordon s—40 cases porter, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee. Rydal Hall s—100 cases copper sheets, Volkart Brothers.

FROM LONDON.

Benlodi s—1 cask electro-plateware, Nanjee Canjee; 6 cases needles, Framjee Ardaseer Davur.
Manilla s—20 kegs silver, 1 case jewellery, Hookmujee.
Jean Douclas s—100 cases brandy, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Omara—105 cases brandy, P S Pochajee.
Lombardy s—1 case soft soap and 100 cases oilmanstore, Jamsetjee Nowrojee.

FROM GENOA.

Australia s—20 cases brandy, Eduljee Bazonjee.
Assiria s—125 cases brandy, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Precurseur s—100 cases brandy, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MAY 10.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Raphael—750 cwts myrabollams, Damoder Kessowjee; 500 cwts bones, Mahomed Hoosein; 22 bales rags, Kunnumahamed Nensee.
Shakespeare—94 bales hemp, Soorjee Jewandass; 47 bales cotton waste, Vulubdass Mooljee.
Henrietta—500 cwts bones, Natha Essa.
Lady Lycett s—29 bales hemp, M M Mody and Co; 85 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.
Rydal Hall s—900 cwts rapeseed, Amudjee Luckmedass and Co; 60 bales wool, Luckmidass Khimjee; 38 bales wool, Dinshaw Jemsetjee; 65 bales wool, Shamjee Veerjee; 100 bales cotton, Govindjee Madhowjee.
Anglia s—130 cwts B horns, Natha Essa; 94 bales cotton, and 3 bales rags, Rustomjee Bomanjee.

FOR LONDON.

Surat s—140 cwts coffee, Allymahamed Hassum, 56 cwts M of P shells, Allimahomed Hassum.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Crimdon s—150 cwts linseed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Manilla s—100 bales cotton, H Spinner and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Manilla s—63 bales cotton, A C Dady and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Thibet s—510 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Thibet s—100 bales cotton, B and A Hormusjee; 50 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co; 150 bales cotton, Kunkler, Singer and Co.

FOR SUEZ.

Thibet s—2 bundles shawls, Hajee Atta Cola.

FOR HONGKONG.

Teheran s—352 cwts cloves, Volkart Brothers; 1 box silver coins, (Rs 200), Hajee M Ebram and M Jaffer; 80 bales twist, S N Tullaize; 23 chests opium, S E Sassoon; 171 chests opium, E D Sassoon; 60 chests opium, David Sassoon; 31½ chests opium, Hajee Adam Esmail and Co; 5 chests opium, Pallenjee Framjee; 10 chests opium, Hajee Abdoola Noor Mahamed; 18 chests opium, Tata and Co; 5 chests opium, P N Postwalla; 16 chests opium, Hajee Essaac Ellias; 16 chests opium, Hajee Abdoola Noormahamed.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Teheran s—46 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co; 2 chests opium, Rujsrimull Gurmookroy; 18 chests opium, Lehersbund Dew hund; 2 chests opium, Roognath Juggunath; 10 chests opium, M S Gubbay.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA.

BOMBAY, 9th May 1879.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 a.m., 6 p.m. and 10 p.m

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29·772
Temperature of the Air	83·6
Wet bulb thermometer	79·1
Dew Point	77·6
Relative humidity of Air	·824
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8)	2·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	87·4
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.)	79·1
General Direction of Wind	NNW, NNE, NN W, WNW, NW, NNW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours	295.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MAY 9.

Reilly, Lieut, 28th Bombay N I, from Umballa.
Sadler, Lieut, Staff Corps, from ——.

MAY 10.

Westmacott, Major, Staff Corps, from Baroda.
Morrice, Lieut, 24th Regt, from Fattehghur.

DEPARTURES.—MAY 10.

Hastings, Col, 62nd Regt, to England.
Faulkner, Surg, to Poona.
Harvey, Surg, to Mysore.
Gibbs, Major Staff Corps, to England.
Westmacott, Major, Staff Corps, to Poona.
Barrow, Lieut, 12th Bengal Infantry, to England.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF,
Adjutant General's Office, Head-Quarters,
Poona, 9th May 1879.

The C-in-C is pleased to make the following appointment:—
4th N I, Lieut Sayly (68 Foot), a probationer for the Staff Corps, to officiate as Wing Officer.

The undermentioned officers returned to duty by permission of the Secretary of State for India on the 6th May.
Lieut-Col Sykes, Bombay Cavalry, Commandant 2nd Light Cavalry. Major Merewether, RE, Executive Engineer P W D.

The following orders are confirmed:—
Regimental order by the Officer Commanding R A Mhow Division, dated 21st April, appointing Lieut Suart, R H A acting Adjutant R A, Mhow Division.
27th Foot, R O dated 7th May, directing Lieut and Adjutant Gall to perform the duties of Interpreter (there being no qualified officer available) in addition to his own, vice Lieut Thunder proceeded on famine duty with effect from 2nd May.
3rd (Queen's Own) Light Cavalry, R O dated 28th April, directing Major Currie, 2nd in Command, to officiate as Commandant, Captain Broughty, Squadron Commander, to officiate as 2nd in Command, and Captain Mayne, Squadron Officer to officiate as Squadron Commander, with effect from the 16th April, in succession to Lieut-Col Stack proceeded on medical certificate, and Captain M James, Adjutant, to officiate as Squadron Commander as a temporary measure, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Captain Mayne on staff employ.
17th N I, R O dated 5th May, directing Captain J T Tuiling, Quartermaster, to officiate as Adjutant, in addition to his own duties, as a temporary measure (no other officer being available), vice Lieut Reilly proceeded on medical certificate.
22nd N I, R O date 30th April, directing Captain Hughes, Offg Wing Officer, to officiate as Adjutant, vice Captain Wetherall ordered on famine duty, and Captain A F Stewart, Wing Officer (Officiating Wing Commander), to officiate as Quarter Master as a temporary measure (no subaltern being available), in addition to their respective duties.
The following order is confirmed as a temporary arrangement:—
9 in N I, R O dated 5th May, directing Major Birch, Wing Officer and Offg 2nd in Command, to officiate as Commandant; Major Morse, Wing Officer and Offg Wing Commander, to officiate as 2nd in Command; and Captain Proudfoot, Adjutant, to officiate as Wing Commander in addition to his own duties, in succession to Lieut-Col Sibthorpe proceeding to Europe on medical certificate.
Lieut E C Kellie, Adjutant 23rd N L I, performed the duties of Wing Commander in addition to his own, from 25th Jan to 24th March, during the absence of Captain Elden on sick leave.
The leave to Cashmere granted to Lieut Suart, D-B, R H A, is cancelled, and that officer is granted leave on private affairs from the 15th June to 15th October next.
The undermentioned Officers and Warrant Officers have leave of absence:—
3rd Hussars, 2nd Lieut Crable to Mahableshwar for 30 days, on medical certificate.
Lieut R E Boutflower, R E from 2nd November 1878 to 13th Feby. 1879 to England, on private affairs.
66th Foot, Captain (Local Major) John Healey to England for 6 months on private affairs in view to retiring from the service.
13th N I, Lieut Fox, from 7th to 14th May, in extension to study the native Language.
17th N I, Lieut Reilly to Bombay for 30 days, to appear before a medical Board, Surgeon Major Brown for 10 days preparatory to retirement from the service.
22nd N I, Lieut Smith to Bombay for 30 days to appear before a medical Board.
24th N I, Surgeon J E Fergusson to Bombay for 30 days, to appear before a medical Board, conductor W Kirkpatrick to Poona for 30 days from 1st May on medical certificate.

In the Press, and will shortly be published.

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The Opium Act, 1878—With Rules and Notification made by the Governor-General in Council on the 30th March 1878.

The Bombay Salt Act, 1873—With Notification regarding Shipments of Salt to Calcutta.

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The Abkari Act, 1878—With Rules and Notifications.

Periodical Survey of Steam Vessels Act, 1864—With Rules and Regulations made by the Governor in Council for the guidance of Shipwright and Engineer Surveyors, &c.

The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, 1873.

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(Compiled for despatch by to-day's Mail.)

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With the Indian Edition there is a supplement containing:—
Latest Telegrams.
English Political and Social Letter.
English Commercial Letter,

CALENDAR FOR MAY 1879.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

Last Quarter.....13th, 7h. 27·0 m. p.m.

Date.	Remarks.	Sun rises. A.M.	Sun sets. P.M.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Mon. 12	.....	5 29	6 24	3 29 m 4 21 a	9 38 m 10 49 a
Tues. 13	English mail expected.	5 28	6 24	4 39 m 5 23 a	10 40 m .....
Wed. 14	.....	5 28	6 24	6 2 m 6 25 a	0 4 m 11 53 m
Th. 15	.....	5 28	6 25	7 18 m 7 26 a	1 9 a 1 9 a
Fri. 16	.....	5 27	6 25	8 24 m 8 18 a	2 2 a 2 19 a
Sat. 17	.....	5 27	6 26	9 18 m 9 1 a	12 47 m 3 13 a
Sun. 18	Rogation Sunday.	5 26	6 26	9 59 m 9 40 a	3 24 m 3 56 a

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

GUBBINS—May 9th, at Aurungabad, Deccan, the wife of Lieut. C. E. Gubbins, Adjutant 3rd Cavalry H. C., of a son.

DEATH.

LUPI—May 10th, at Colaba, Enrichetta, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Rafaele Lupi, aged 18 months.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BULL—May 5th, at Lahore, of the wife of Mr. W. Bull, Municipal Assistant Secretary, of a daughter.
FLETCHER—May 2nd, at Peshawar, the wife of Alfred F. Fletcher, Esq., Captain, R. A., and Commissary of Ordnance, of a daughter, still-born.

MARRIAGES.

OUTHWAITE—OUTHWAITE—May 5th, at St. John's Church, by the Rev. W. H. Bray, Senior Chaplain, John W. Outhwaite son of John H. Outhwaite, of Whitby, to Mary Jane, second daughter of Thomas Outhwaite, of Middleborough.

DEATHS.

D'SILVA—May 6th, at Calcutta, Mr. N. D'Silva, for upwards of thirty years Assistant to Messrs. F. W. Heilgers and Co.
HANCOCK—April 28th, at Dibrooghur, of dysentery, Henry Gordon, the second son of C. J. and E. F. Hancock, aged 8 months.
KILROY—May 2nd, at Naini Tal, Alexander Robert Kilroy, Surgeon-Major, A. M. D., Royal Artillery, eldest son of the late Alexander Kilroy, Esq., R.N., aged 44 years.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, MAY 12, 1879.

A FEW days ago we drew attention to the fact that letters addressed to ourselves, and we believe to our contemporaries as well, from correspondents military or otherwise writing from the Kurram column always arrive at their destination with signs scarcely concealed of having been tampered with *en route*. We now observe that Mr. Boyle, the special and popular correspondent of the *Standard*, has come to loggerheads with one of the Generals attached to Sir Sam Browne's column and we think, the sooner the attention of Parliament is again drawn to the impertinent efforts of these officers to interfere with the liberty of the Press, the better. Attempts to conceal the truth and to muzzle the pens of correspondents, and to deceive the public—for it is really coming to that—as to the course of events at the front may be allowed in continental armies, but with British troops the thing is intolerable. Officers belonging to the staff too often forget the fact that the army does not belong to them, and fail to realize that they themselves, in common with the rest of the service, are but the servants of the British public—paid to do certain work. That public desires to have free and unfettered information as to what is going on, and what is more, will so be supplied with independent news, so that the foolish men who now attempt to stand in the way will only eventually draw down upon themselves the ruin and punishment that not a few in Afghanistan already deserve. Mr. Boyle, it seems, viewed the affair at Kum Dakka, as does most other people, in the light of a forced retreat, and in telegraphing to his employers stated what he believed was and what is pretty generally well known to be, notwithstanding official versions, the truth. But it seems that General Maude insisted on altering that telegram, a liberty against which Mr. Bogle promptly protested; in short he declined to forward any message at all except that which conveyed what he believed to be a correct statement of the facts. The end of the matter was, we learn, that Mr. Boyle proceeded to Peshawur, where he thought he would be free to telegraph what he liked, but instructions from General Maude's camp had, he found, preceded him, and so he was again baffled. The matter, we trust, will be brought up in England. Mr. Boyle is a correspondent of very great experience, has seen war in nearly every quarter of the world, and does not require to be taught his duty by General Maude or anybody else. It is high time, therefore, that some of these telegram-editing and letter-opening Generals should be made an example of. Special correspondents everywhere in Afghanistan have found themselves welcomed by the regimental officers of the service, who, as a rule, thoroughly understand the fact that the presence of representatives of the Press must, on the whole, benefit that service. Their writings draw attention to and interest the public in the doings of the army, while those who have none of that "interest", to aid them,—that element in the workings of the service that is at the root of most of the evils that hamper its progress and discredit its reputation for efficiency—those who are outside the pale of Simla or Head-quarter influence know, that to the Press correspondent they must look for justice in the day when they are tried and not found wanting—know, also, that except for him whatever they may have done for their country will probably escape notice or not unlikely will be put down to the credit of some "mutual adulation society" representative. There is no disguising the fact that the general run of staff officer in the British army, owing his position mostly, as he does, to interest, is, in many cases a swaggering and altogether objectionable individual. But the un-English-like proclivities he has lately been manifesting in the way of press espionage should be promptly put a stop to.

IT is to be hoped that the proceedings of the Bombay Chamber

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

THE AFGHAN WAR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

YAKUB KHAN IN THE BRITISH CAMP.

PESHAWUR, MAY 10.

Yakub Khan reached Safedsang at 9 o'clock on the morning of the 8th and was received with all honours. The forty-pounders fired a royal salute, and 5,500 troops were drawn up on both sides of the road in single rank, extending to nearly three miles; they presented a splendid appearance. The Amir rode with General Browne on his right and Major Cavagnari on his left. He looked very careworn, and showed evident signs of having undergone much anxiety and suffering. His escort was composed of two troops of the 18th Hussars and two troops of the Guides. He was accompanied by about sixty of his own cavalry and a company of infantry dressed like Highlanders. Tents and most of the baggage arrived yesterday, escorted by men of his own body-guard, dressed much like our own sepoys but with forage caps, men very tall and powerful.

The weather for the past two days has been very cold, and much snow has fallen at Safed Koh.

CHOLERA AT SUKKUR.

SUKKUR, MAY 10:

Cholera has broken out here, and there have been twenty-eight seizures since the 5th instant, 17 being fatal. Four more are not expected to survive. A cholera camp has been established about one and-a-half miles on the Larkhana road.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

THE TRANSFER LOAN.

LONDON, MAY 10.

The India Office announces that the Transfer Loan has been fully subscribed.

PARLIAMENTARY.

The Hon. E. Stanhope (Under Secretary for India) in reply to a question put in the Commons, said the Government has received no information of the shooting of Moullahs in General Gough's Camp on the 6th April, but that enquiries will be made in the matter.

In the House of Lords Lord Salisbury (Secretary for Foreign Affairs), replying to a question, said that a difficulty had arisen between the Powers respecting the Chefoo Convention which was preventing its ratification, and that further despatches were now awaited from Sir Thomas Wade. His Lordship denied that the delay attending its ratification was injurious to China. The Mission to Thibet, he said, was not now contemplated owing to the disturbed state of the country.

REINFORCEMENTS FOR THE CAPE.

In conformity with the request in Lord Chelmsford's telegram, further reinforcements are being sent out to the Cape.

LATEST FROM THE CAPE.

LONDON, MAY 11.

Latest advices from Cape Town, dated 26th April, state that General Lord Chelmsford with his Staff was going to Utrecht, and that Magneza, the brother of King Cetewayo, had surrendered.

CORRECTION.

In the message dated London, 9th inst., please read—"Mr. Fawcett gave notice of an amendment, that while the House was resolved to maintain its privileges, it had not been shown in this case that the Sovereign had acted without the advice of her responsible Ministers"—and cancel former version.

H. M.'S. S. EUPHRATES.

PORTSMOUTH, MAY 9.

H. M.'s s. s. Euphrates arrived here from Bombay to-day.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, MAY 9.

The Total Week's sales of Cotton ..... 83,000 bales
Amount forwarded ..... 6,000 do.
Do. Week's sales of Surats ..... 6,000 do.
Do. do. imports of Cotton .... 41,000 do.
Do. do. do. Surats .... 5,000 do.
Do. Stock of Cotton..... 599,000 do.
Do. do. Surats..... 24,000 do.

LONDON, MAY 9.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats firm.

The London Cotton Market has been firm.

Exchange on India, 60 days' sight ..	1-7½
Fair Dholleras	5½
The Manchester Market has been firm.	
7 lbs. Shirtings.....	6-9
8½ lbs. do.	6-7½
40s. Mule Twist.....	0-9½
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	73
½ per cent. do.	78
3 per cent. Consols for account	98⅝
5 per cent. French Rente, 1872	115
Bar Silver.....	50½

STEAMER REPORT.

GALLE, MAY 11, 7-43

French Mail steamer Yangtse, from Suez, arrived.

WEATHER REPORTS.—MAY 11.

CANNANORE, 5-8 p.m.—Weather fine, wind N.

CARWAR, 5 p.m.—Weather fine, wind W. N. W. 4; thermometer 89; barometer 29·878.

MANGALORE, 4 p.m.—Weather fair, wind N. E. N. W.

VINGORLA, 5 p.m.—Weather clear, wind W. strong; thermometer 90.

THE Bombay Volunteers paraded on Saturday, after a long interval of rest from drill. The new Colonel (Lieut-Col. Hewett) and Adjutant (Captain Stokes) were both on parade for the first time, and Major (late Captain) Frazer Hore, who has succeeded Major Kemball, also put in his first appearance in his new rank. There was a fair muster, considering the hot weather. Before dismissing the parade, the Colonel announced that there would be another battalion drill before the Queen's birth-day, probably on next Saturday week.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Lahore paper at Jugdulluck says, that "a speedy proclamation of peace and of friendship between the English Government and the new Amir, is fully anticipated." The expectation, no doubt, will be realized. Indeed, the address of General Roberts to the Chiefs, the other day, was a foreshadow of the event. Now that friendship with the Amir of Kabul is as good as proclaimed, the greater the *éclat* with which the proceedings are attended, the better both for Yakub and for ourselves. It may confirm the wavering allegiance of many a petty chief, and in its ultimate results it certainly ought to bind the Amir to the Government of India by every obligation of gratitude. The terms of peace are said to be, that Yakub Khan will return to Kabul with a British Envoy, and that for Kandahar and Pishin a permanent British Agency is to be established. The British will occupy the Passes and Kurram Valley to Shutargardan and the Khyber to Charda.

THE same paper says:—The arrival of Yakub Khan in the British camp at Gundamuck will probably lead to a speedy settlement of the Afghan difficulty. Whether that settlement will be permanent or not must depend mainly on the conditions agreed upon. We know that the British Government, both at home and here, are exceedingly anxious to bring the war to a close—many people think too anxious—and Yakub Khan, it may fairly be presumed, is unlikely to insist on the continuance of the struggle if the terms offered him do not drive him to actual extremity. So that the chances of peace seem to be almost assured. To make it lasting, however, we must exact the respect of our foes, as well as trust to their forbearance. We must keep a portion of the territory into which we have advanced, and we must acquire the right and power of observing all that goes on in a country which is the main approach to our Empire. If we can secure these two objects, with the good-will of the Afghan ruler and of his people, the money and life expended in the war will have been profitably spent.

COLONEL TUCKER, who had been employed in the Transport service between Sukkur and Quetta, has been transferred to General Roberts's force, where his energy and experience cannot fail to have a good effect. He will take with him Captain Angus and Lieutenant Spence. Lieutenant-Colonel Hogg succeeds Colonel Tucker at Dadur, Major Griffiths goes to Sukkur, and Captain Wooldridge takes the line from Jacobabad to Bagh.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Pioneer* telegraphs:—Major Campbell at Quetta, in conjunction with Captain Rogers at Kandahar, and using the telegraph line, has made observations for fixing the longitude of Kandahar. The connection of Quetta with India by triangulation is also on the eve of completion: both important steps in the survey operations. The siege train has arrived under the command of Major Noble. The fort is being rapidly put into proper condition to receive guns.

BITTER complaints are made at Safed Sang about the heat. An officer writes to the *Pioneer*:—"It is known that there are many excellent sites for a summer camp within easy reach of us, at elevations varying from six to eight thousand feet, so it is to be hoped the greater number of the troops may summer in a really good climate."

MANY deaths from typhoid fever are reported to have occurred lately among the English troops at Kandahar. Diarrhœa is also said to be very prevalent. The native regiments in the Fort are also suffering considerably from ague, accompanied with jaundice.

WE regret to hear that cholera has made its appearance at Marri, where two European soldiers and thirty-four natives are reported to have died from it. The disease is also said to have appered at Srinagar.

ABOUT seven days ago we learn that a gang of robbers attacked a large party of travellers near Gullak, a village about a mile and a half from Gundam. Two of the party were killed, three wounded, and the robbers were making off with forty camels when the villagers came on the scene, and rescued thirty-four of the animals. Their interference seems to have been prompted by the threat, on the part of the travellers, that the affair would be reported to the English authorities.

A CURIOUS story regarding Nur Mahomed Khan has reached us (says the Lahore paper) from Jugdulluck. This was the Chief who lately exerted himself in bringing about an understanding between the Terzeen Khans and tribesmen, and the English. At the Kabul court, however, doubts were entertained as to the purity of Nur Mahomed's motives. It was believed that, while endeavouring to ingratiate himself with the English, he was also trying to sow dissension between them and Yakub. Yakub at last had his revenge. Nur Mahomed, having left the British camp in dudgeon at what he was pleased to regard as inhospitable treatment, betook himself to Kabul, where Yakub accused him to his face of having sent false reports about him to the English. The accused, says our informant, was then handed over to General Gholam Hyder Khan, who had him executed.

NEWS comes from Bushire that the Shaikh of El Bidaa, Jassim bin Mahomed bin Thani, having quarrelled with the Bin-Kawarah and other families of El-Katr, has retired to a distance of some 30 miles inland, and with the assistance or countenance of the Commander of the Turkish gunboat Iskendria and the Turkish officials at El Bidaa, Sheikh Mahomed bin Saeed of the Bin-Kuwarah tribe, and Seif bin Mohanna al Moscillem, are in authority at El Bidaa at present. The Iskendria brought four prisoners from El Bidaa to El Katif, persons who were obnoxious to the new *regimé*. The Motesserif (Governor) of El Hassa, Mahommed Saeed Pasha, has arrived at El Kateef from El Hassa under instructions from the Wali of Busrah, who had enjoined him to restore order on the coast. The Motesserif travelled by land from Ojair to El Katif passing through Zahran. It is understood that orders have been issued to construct a watch tower at Aboo Zahmood, a place midway between Ojair and Kateef, and to station a guard of Turkish soldiers there. Mahomed Saeed Pasha had expressed his intention of remaining at Kateef for the Iskendria when he proposed visiting several places on the coast.

WE are glad to learn that the Victorian Government has accepted the tender of the P. and O. Company for carrying the Australian Mails.

THE *Statesman*—In an article in yesterday's *Englishman*, anent the Circus-rider's medal, it is asserted that—

"The inscription on the medal was not to the effect that it was 'presented by H. E. Lord Lytton, Viceroy of India, and a few friends,' but that it was presented by 'a noble patron and a few friends.' This inscription was literally true; yet the 'noble patron' was not Lord Lytton."

Concerning which we think it right to state the following facts. The presentation was made on the evening of Saturday, February 8th. Next day, Sunday, Mr. Corbyn, the manager of the circus, called at the *Statesman* office, and a member of the editorial staff expressed to him a wish to see the medal. Mr. Corbyn went away and returned an hour or so afterwards with the medal, and from the medal, lying on the table before him, the writer of this paragraph himself copied the inscription it bore, which ran as follows:—"Presented to Miss Victoria Cooke, Empress of the Arena, by his Excellency Lord Lytton, G. M. S. I., Viceroy of India, and Friends. Calcutta, 7th February, 1879," and which was printed in a report of the presentation that appeared in the *Statesman* of Monday, February 10.

THE Punjab University College has offered a prize of Rs. 100 for the best essay, in English, Urdu, and Hindi, on "the practical development of Indian agriculture, commerce, or manufacture." If the prize essay is thought worth printing, half the profits will be given to the author.

THE *Pioneer*:—The report of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce for 1877-78 brings together the memorials and speeches of the commercial classes of Bombay against the trades licence tax. Doubtless the unpopularity of the tax in great centres of commerce, where there is a large community of well-to-do merchants, is far more intense than in the smaller towns where the inhabitants see in it merely another form of raising money for the "Sirkar." At the same time it is to the larger centres, where public opinion is not only developed but can make itself heard that our Governors must look for the justification of their acts by the governed. To the petty trading classes of the provincial towns it is no matter for suprise, even if it ever reaches their minds, that they should be taxed while the collector is exempt, nor is it likely that, after the first feeling of irritation at the new impost is overcome, any lasting resentment remains. But to the richer merchant-classes of Bombay and Calcutta, the inequality of incidence inherent in the licence tax must be exceedingly bitter. They doubtless feel to the utmost the entire exemption of certain classes of the community from a direct taxation which they themselves would otherwise pay without murmur. The main argument for the trades licence tax was that it was directed against a class who had been hitherto exempt from direct taxation, that is to say, the trading class as distinct from the agricultural class, which had been evidently squeezed to the utmost. One of the reasons put forward by the Government for not going farther in the taxation of incomes is that the inquisitorial proceedings of an income tax are objectionable. Now after taxing trades and agriculture in India, the only persons left untaxed whose emoluments are worth taxing are barristers, doctors, and persons who draw salaries. The barristers are few in number, and would appear to be exempted partly for this reason. Doctors in India, who are worth taxing are almost invariably persons drawing salaries from Government, and so fall properly into the third class. Now with a very few exceptions, this third class might be counted on the fingers. In some of the large towns, the only persons drawing salaries that would be reached by a fairly imposed income tax are the salaried officials of Government, and thus it really comes to this that the only important class which escapes taxation, (with the exception of barristers who escape by a happy accident) is the class of salaried officials. It is not surprising, therefore, that the Bombay merchants accuse those who regulate the finances of the country of so managing legislation as to exempt themselves and their own class alone from direct taxation. That the action of Government, however well intended, should be open to the slur of interested legislation thus thrown upon it by the most important independent body of the country is very unfortunate, especially at a time when the excessive cost of its establishments is being called in question on every side.

THE new periodical, *Time*, devotes several pages to an account of an interview with the grim public official, Marwood, who lives at Horncastle, in Lincoshire. Marwood's emoluments are by no means inconsiderable. He has a fee of £10 for each execution, and officiates at twenty or thirty a-year. He also keeps a shop, and does the largest business in boot laces of any man in England. He has houses and lands and property of various kinds, but of course he is not popular.

IT is said that communications of a very cordial character passed between Lord Beaconsfield and the Czar on the occasion of the recent attempt upon his Majesty's life. The Prime Minister telegraphed through Prince Gortschakoff his congratulations to the Czar. His Majesty replied directly, thanking Lord Beaconsfield for his friendly message, and expressing his belief that the preservation of a condition of good feeling between Russia and England was essential to the best interests of Europe. To the maintenance of that good feeling the Czar counted upon Lord Beaconsfield.

THE winter in the Highlands of Scotland has been of unparalleled duration and there is much anxiety among renters of moors as to how the grouse have stood the long continued snow. "An Old Sportsman," who had misgivings on this subject, was induced to collect information, which he communicates to the *Times*, as follows:—"I have not yet," he says, "succeeded in learning anything of the Yorkshire moors, but from widely-spread districts in Scotland I have testimony to the remarkable manner in which the birds have stood the shock of winter and 'all the natural ills that grouse are heir to.' The wonder is how they procure sufficient food to maintain them in the vigorous health they are stated to possess. It would appear, then, that severe weather will not alone produce disease. My greatest fears were for Perthshire, but a letter just received tells me that 'the birds are in good condition, and that a good season is expected' in that extensive county. It is also an undeniable fact that the reproductive powers of grouse, as well as of other birds, are always greater after a severe winter. That weak individual succumb goes without speaking, but the survivors are more fruitful. Nature thus seems to protect herself. While it is impossible as yet to form any decided anticipations as to the coming season, it can most certainly be advisedly stated that the prospects so far are highly favourable." This news will be satisfactory to those of us who may looking to a turn on the weather at Home during the approching season.

IN the interests of the sane it is most desirable that the custodians of lunatics should be strong, determined men. No life can be less comfortable or much more useless than that of a timid nervous keeper. Such a person, the *Daily Telegraph* tells us, accompanied a maniac on a journey from Paris to Calais lately, and his incompetence caused the other travellers much annoyance. There were four people in the carriage, very luckily, besides the keeper and the madman. The latter behaved pretty well till the train reached Boulogne, when he began a promiscuous attack on his neighbours. He seized one gentleman by the throat, and, as if that were not enough to occupy his attention, tried to kick another in the face. Mr. Squeers once remarked, when he had got hold of Smike in a cab, that he had never before tried licking a boy in these circumstances, and his exertions fatigued him not a little. The lunatic was either accustomed to the exercise or enjoyed the advantage of great strength; for while he throttled one man and kicked another, he managed to cow and frighten his miserable attendant. The allied forces of the passengers at last subdued the madman, and it was found necessary to tie him up with the straps of railway rugs, which indeed are admirably adapted to this purpose. The lunatic was removed at Abbeville after damaging two of his fellow passengers severely. It is plain that if the keeper had entered a carriage full of ladies or if only one or two more of moderate strength had been present, the maniac might have been found sitting on a heap of corpses, and master of the situation.

A SOMEWHAT interesting discovery has recently been made in the course of the "repairs" now in progress in St. Giles's Cathedral, Edinburgh. In the floor of the south transept being raised, three leaden coffins were found, one of which has justly been supposed by antiquaries to contain the remains of the "Good Regent" Moray, Queen Mary's half-brother, who was buried there in February, 1570, John Knox preaching on the occasion. The south transept is the most historic portion of the old collegiate church. There, most probably, was buried Walter Chapman, the Scottish Caxton, who printed Bishop Elphinstone's "Breviarium Aberdonense" in 1509, and, indeed, introduced the art of printing into Scotland, and who also endowed a chaplaincy in St. Giles's immediately before the battle of Flodden. There, too, were interred the Regent Morton, and shortly before, in June, 1579, the Earl of Athole, according to an order of the burgh council that "the west part of Walter Chapman's tyle, fornent the Earl of Murray's tomb, sal be broken thair ane burial-place be maid for the Earl of Athole." There also, after the Restoration, the mutilated remains of the Marquis of Montrose were reinterred with honour. In that portion of the cathedral Jenny Geddes flung her stool at the obnoxious Dean. During the alterations, or ravages, of 1829 the tomb which had been erected to the "Good Regent" was completely destroyed, all that was saved being a stone tablet with the Latin inscription of George Buchanan, which is now preserved at Donibristle, in Fife, a seat of the present Earl of Moray.

THE following touching Zulu love story we take from J. A. Farrer's new book *Zululand and the Zulus*, reviews of which are to hand by last mail:—It was once decided by the king to make a raid against the Amaswazi, to rob them of their cattle; but strict orders were given to the soldiers that all cattle and captured girls were to belong to the king alone. The raid began, the women and children of the enemy were killed; but one Zulu, when on the point of killing a girl, stayed his assegai, feeling suddenly as if all his anger had gone out of his fingers and toes. He protected this girl from the attacks of his companions; he could not kill her himself, for their eyes met, and something seemed to soften and melt within him. He thought of his own father and mother at home, and how very likely the girl's parents had been killed that very day. He did not like that she should be taken from her people and become a slave to the king, so on the march homewards he managed to let her escape from the captive throng. Then came the review before the king; the lover was threatened with death for his neglect. But he spoke out boldly, telling the dread monarch that the girl had used medicine against him. The king laughed, and the culprit escaped, but he never forgot the girl he had saved. By night he dreamed of her; by day he thought of her; he would stop eating to think of her, forget what he was doing when out hunting, stop without knowing it in a dance. At last, one day, his sisters rushed into his hut: a girl was lying half dead with cold in the garden. There she was whose glancing look on the day of battle he so well remembered, hungry, cold, exhausted. Her people had all been killed, and where could she seek protection better than with the man who had spared her in war? Is this romantic way that Zulu soldier gained a wife.

A PAPER was recently read by Mr. Simon Macbean, C.E., before the Society of Arts—Sir James Elphinstone in the chair—in which the author urged the desirability of cutting a ship canal through the island of Ramiseram, thus giving a shorter route from Europe to Madras, Calcutta, and Burmah, by allowing large vessels to pass between Ceylon and India. The existing Paumban Channel is only 4 feet deep, and it would be difficult to deepen it to 26 feet. A safer and cheaper plan would be to cut an entirely new channel through the island of Ramiseram, and four different schemes have been suggested. The author recommends that proposed by Mr. John Stoddart, chief assistant surveyor of Ceylon, the cost of which is estimated at £356,000. The trade of Calcutta through the Suez Canal was stated by the author to be £22,000,000 annually, and that of Madras and Burmah £10,000,000 and £6,000,000 respectively, making in all £38,000,000, which would certainly pass through the proposed canal. He estimates the annual saving to a shipowner by avoiding the stormy and dangerous passage round the south of Ceylon at £440,000, or about the cost of the canal and severely rates the Indian Government for leaving so useful a work undone, and generally for its remissness in regard to the harbours of India. On the motion of the Chairman, a hearty vote of thanks was accorded to the author for his interesting and valuable paper. An animated discussion followed. Mr. Cassels defended the Indian Government, and said the proposed work, although it would be useful, was not of such urgent need that it ought to be carried out in the present state of the Indian Exchequer. Mr. John Carruthers, C.E., considered the estimate insufficient. No provision was made for harbour works at the ends of the canal, without which no sensible shipmaster would trust his ship near it, and he thought the cost would on this account be not less than Sir William Denison had estimated, or nearly £2,000,000 more than that stated in the paper. Mr. Carlisle strenuously defended the paper. He said the harbour at Madras would be a complete failure, and the island of Ramiseram was the nearest place to Madras where a harbour could be made. The canal ought therefore to be made at once. The chairman knew the place well, and always thought a canal should be made there. In the year 1855 two vessels left Colombo with military stores for Tuticorin. One went round Ceylon and the other through the Paumban Channel; the former got to its destination just six weeks before the other. He thought it more an Imperial than a local work, and did not consider it the duty of the Indian Government to undertake it.

Now that the Government of India has embarked in an economical crusade, it may interest the Financial Department to learn that, in a certain district in the North-West Provinces, the daily reports of seizures and deaths from cholera sent to the neighbouring districts by post, and occupying a sheet of paper about the size and weight of half a sheet of overland letter paper, are enclosed in an enormous envelope of thick country paper, about six inches by sixteen, and over a foolish wight. A daily waste of wasteful employment of paper and postal labour was not long ago the practice within a hundred miles of Calcutta. —*Englishman*

BOMBAY.

THE Esplanade Bandstand this evening:—

March	Wildbader Colonnaden	Kuhner.
Overture	Le Dieu et La Bayadere	Auber.
Selection	Don Sebastian	Donizetti.
Valse	Frühling's Grüsse	Kuhner.
Quadrille	Barbe Bleue	Sausseau.
Galop	Fleuer und Flamme	Faust.

INQUEST.—A Coroner's inquest was held on Saturday last at H. M.'s House of Correction on view of the body of Dadapa Ooga, who was a prisoner undergoing a term of rigorous imprisonment for fifteen months. The verdict was the death of the deceased arose from natural causes.

ALLEGED THEFT OF A DOG.—On Saturday last Mr. G. L. Stevens, the chief officer of the British ship James Edwards, appeared before Mr. C. P. Cooper, and obtained a summons against a Mr. Perry, the manager of Messrs. Fraser, Millar and Co., of Carnac Bandar, charging him with committing theft on the 1st instant of a black and tan terrier dog, the property of complainant, while accused was on a visit to that ship. The summons was made returnable for this day (Monday).

WHAT'S IT ALL ABOUT?—We understand that a young man employed at Kirkee has got himself into trouble, and that on his arrival in Bombay, where the gay young Lothario went to spend a few days, he was made a prisoner. The young lady, a good looking lass, hails from Bombay. We await further particulars.—*Deccan Herald.*

WE hear that a gang of dacoits made a descent yesterday upon a village in the Konkan near Kurjut. The police went out after them, and a fight took place in which one dacoit was killed. Further particulars have not yet reached us. A company of the Poona Horse is encamped under the mango tope at the Talegaon station. The dacoits are hundred strong and well armed were heard of the previous afternoon about 8 to 10 miles from Talegaon.—*Deccan Herald.*

AFTER THE DACOITS.—We are told that both Major Rivett-Carnac and Major Daniel returned to Poona last Thursday evening from Karkul s, where they had been looking after the dacoits. Perhaps it may not be generally known that Sir Richard Temple sent Major Rivett-Carnac expressly to confer with Major Daniel on the subject of these dacoities. A number of the dacoits were seen, but it was found impossible at the time to obtain any *pucca* information respecting them or their whereabouts, and there can be no doubt that some one gave them information, when they fled across the mountains some twenty miles from the place where our indefatigable Superintendent of Police encamped. One man was, however, apprehended, who it is said was carrying food to the dacoits, and who doggedly refused to give any information. He is now a prisoner pending information from his native village. It is said that Wassoodew Balwunt Phadke is in command of this gang of dacoits.—*Deccan Herald.*

A NEW THEATRE IN JEYPORE.—The Maharajah of Jeypore has succeeded, we learn, in having constructed for his capital a theatre which for architectural beauty, size, and fittings, bids fair to eclipse any hitherto opened in India. The building is of pukka white stone, and presents as a t active an interior as it does an exterior. It seats over 2,000 people, the classes being divided only into upper and lower. In addition to the stage lights, it has on the dome two immense gas sunlights of rich and handsome workmanship. The interior decorations, though profuse in red and gold, are exquisitely arranged. The stage contains every modern appliance that can be desired. The whole work reflects great credit on Herr Silerko Teliery, the Art Works Superintendent, who has designed and so successfully executed it.

DR. SILVESTER'S ENTERTAINMENT.

A NEW feature was introduced in Dr. Silvester's entertainment on Saturday evening, in the shape of fancy skating exhibition by Mr. Charles Silvester. This young man is a very clever and graceful performer on the roller skates, and in spite of rather a rough sort of rink, he contrived to make his exhibition highly interesting.

WILSON'S CIRCUS.

THE following is a list with which we have been furnished of the recipients of gifts at the Circus on Saturday night:—

No. of ticket.	Amount.	Name.
325	Rs. 20	Mr. Chas. Baglehole.
378	,, 10	Mohomed Ismail Mogul.
6145	,, 10	Hajeb Sutar.
3050	,, 10	Pestonjee Dhunjeebhoy Jeejeebhoy.
6541	,, 10	Madhowrao Vishwanath.
413	,, 10	Nizamsha (Aga Khan's party).
404	,, 10	Mr. Blaue.
370	,, 10	Mr. Pittcard.
6078	,, 20	Mr. Jamsetjee Dhunjeebhoy Patel.
7273	,, 20	Boy Mahomed.
6782	,, 10	Jos. De Souza.
439	,, 50	Mr. S. M. Walton.
6999	,, 10	Curseejee Sorabjee.
6905	,, 10	Govindjee Waloo.
6592	,, 25	Mr. Biane.
7359	,, 20	Rama Sakharam.
6873	,, 10	Declined.
202	,, 10	Ardeshir Byramjee Patel.
7192	,, 10	Chintarao Apa.
244	,, 10	Mr. De Souza.
6556	,, 20	Bhoolanoyal Sultanmul.
3999	,, 10	Shivram Govind.
7027	,, 100	Ana Jivaji Khamat (of Kolhapur)
7422	,, 10	Mahomed Ally.
384	,, 25	Mahomed Joseph.
300	,, 10	Nizamsha (Aga Khan's party).
4988	,, 10	Mahomed Aliy.
7134	,, 10	Purshotum Munji.
6576	,, 10	Peraj Munji.
204	,, 10	Mr. Ardeshir Byramjee Patel.

We are informed that all gifts remaining "unclaimed" when the Circus closes will be given to some Bombay charitable institution.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. AND O. Co.'s s. s. THIBET, Captain J. H. Torbock, will sail to-day for Aden and Suez with the English Mails and the following passengers:—

FOR SOUTHAMPTON.

Mr W Price
Mr and Mrs W Logan and Infant
Mr and Mrs Chrystal and 2 infants
Lieut Porter
Miss J Batchellor
Rev J F and Mrs Scobell
Lieut J G S Morrice.

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr C Kapp
Captain Oldham, R E
Captain Moore
Col W R and Mrs Houghton
Colonel and Mrs Coles
Mr J A Shepherd
Mrs C Cheyne
Mr Doerr.

FOR VENICE.

Major Wm Byrne
Mr T J Handford.

FOR ADEN.

Mahomed
Apothecary Coverjee and wife

THE MANOCKJEE PETIT MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

AN annual ordinary general meeting of shareholders of the company was held on Saturday last at its registered office, 5, Horuby Row, to adopt the directors' report and the audited accounts for the two half-years ending 30th June and 31st December 1878 respectively; to declare a dividend; to elect directors; and to appoint auditors. Mr. Diashaw Manockjee Petit, chairman of the board of directors, was in the chair. The notice convening the meeting and the directors' report being read, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

Proposed by the chairmain, and seconded by Mr. Edulje Nusserwanjee Setna, that the audited balance sheets and profit and loss accounts for the two half years ending the 30th June and 31st December 1878 respectively (already circulated amongst the shareholders), and the report just read to the meeting, be and are hereby adopted.

Proposed by Mr. Hormusjee Cursetjee Boandoopwalla, and seconded by Mr. Peroshaw Merwanjee Jeejeebhoy that a dividend for the half year ending 31st December 1878 at the rate of Rs. 30 per share be declared, and made payable on and after Wednesday the 14th inst. to shareholders whose names stand this day in the register of this company.

Proposed by Mr. Pallonjee Framjee Mehta, and seconded by Mr. Merwanjee Dadabhoy, that Messrs. Peroshaw Merwanji Jeejeebhoy and John Dixon, who retire by rotation, be and are hereby elected directors of this company.

Proposed by Mr. Merwanjee Dadabhoy, and seconded by Mr. Hormusjee Cursetjee Bhandoopwalla, that Messrs. Pestonjee Dadabhoy Wadia and Cooverjee Rustonjee Mody be and are hereby appointed auditors of this company, and that their remuneration be Rs. 400 for each per year, the accounts to be audited every six months.

Proposed by Mr. Hormusjee Cursetjee Bhandoopwalla, and seconded by Mr. Pallonjee Framjee Mehta, that the best thanks of the shareholders are due to the chairman, the directors, agents, the manager, and other officers of the company for their management and its affairs.

Mr. Hormusjee, in moving the resolution, remarked that the shareholders would be gratified to notice that, even at the present critical state of mill property in Bombay, a judicious management of the affairs of this company had enabled the directors to pay interest at the rate of eleven annas per cent. This result was, it must be admitted, highly satisfactory; and he for one thought it was solely owing to the experience and intelligence of those to whom the affairs of the company had been entrusted, and to whom great credit was due.

A vote of thanks to the chairman closed the proceedings of the annual meeting.

EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING.

The meeting then resolved itself into an extraordinary general one for the purpose of passing certain special resolutions. The notice having been read, the following resolutions were unanimously passed:—

Proposed by Mr. Hormusjee Cursetjee Bhandoopwalla, and seconded by Mr. Merwanjee Dadabhoy, that the purchase recently made by the directors of Mr. Muncherjee Framjee Cama, for Rs. 8,000, of two pieces of ground together measuring about 7,420 square yards, and adjoining the Bandal Lodge, property of the company, be and the same is hereby confirmed.

Proposed by Mr. Coverjee Rustonjee Mody, and seconded by Mr. Merwanjee Dadabhoy, that the following clause be added to the articles of association of the company immediately after clause 31, and that the same be numbered 31 A.:—"Every person who may be entitled, in his own right to any share or shares standing in the name of his clerk, nominee, agent, servant or nominee may be registered as the holder of such share or shares, either during the lifetime or after the death of such clerk, moonim, agent, servant or nominee, provided such proofs as the board may deem reasonable be produced by such person as to his title to such share or shares, and provided such indemnity be given as the Board may require.

Proposed by Mr. Pallonjee Framjee Mehta, and seconded by Mr. Bomanji Velljee, that the directors be and they are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time to take such steps as may be thought necessary for carrying on the business of bleaching, dyeing and printing, as defined in para. (d) of clause three of the memorandum, and for those purposes or any of them to purchase or erect machinery and other materials and to do all such other things as may be necessary.

The proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the chairman.

THE BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE AND THE FAMINE COMMISSION.

AT the special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce held on Friday afternoon to consider and adopt the memorandum (already published) drawn up by the Committee of the Chamber and addressed to the Famine Commission, there were present:—Messrs. M. Mowat (Ritchie, Stewart and Co.), Chairman, Dickson (Edward, Bates and Co.), Symonds (Finlay, Muir and Co.), C. H. B. Forbes (Forbes and Co.), Bythell (Gaddum and Co.), J. Graham (Graham and Co.), Forrest (Killick, Nixon and Co.), Comber (Lyon and Co.), Roberts (Owen and Oldfield), Carjel (Punnett and Co.), Janzi (Austro-Hungarian Lloyds S. N. Co.), F. Mathew (B. B. and C. I. R. Co.), Jones (Chartered Mercantile Bank), and Vouillon (Comptoir D'Escompte).

On the motion of the Chairman, seconded by Mr. Bythell, Mr. A. B. Hormusjee and Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy were elected members of the Chamber.

The Chairman, in opening the proceedings, said—I am glad that we have been able to add to our number two more native members. It is our wish to make the Chamber as representative as possible, and we shall endeavour to have at least one native gentleman always on the Committee. The matter shall have our careful consideration the very first time there is a vacancy. Some time ago, you will remember, that I had the honour to submit to you the names of four well-known gentlemen as honorary members. I am glad to say that letters have been received from Mr. Rathbone, M.P., Mr. A. H. Campbell, and Mr. J. M. Maclean, accepting the honorary membership of the Chamber. I am sure that they will be able to do some good service to us hereafter. In presenting for your adoption the report which has been prepared for the Famine Commissioners, I think it right to state that the Committee have bestowed a great deal of care in the preparation of the same. The paper fully explains the views of this Chamber, and will, I am sure, prove most useful to the gentlemen for whom it is intended. The severity of the famines of the past three years has led to numerous discussions on the condition of India; and without going so far as Mr. Hyndman—a name which has been a good deal before the public of late—it is only fair to say that something must be done to relieve the equilibrium in finances. Further taxation of the country is too expensive, must be apparent to the most common observer, and it is therefore satisfactory to note that according to late Government resolutions, something in the shape of retrenchment is now to be adopted. I do trust, however, that useful public works, such as railways, roads, and canals, will be continued. If they prove too heavy for Government at the present time, let the old system of guaranteed public companies be once more resorted to. The means of communication at present existing did much to mitigate the severity of the famine. Extend the same further and they will prove the best means of adding to the greatness of the country. India, although comparatively poor at present, possesses vast resources, and recent experience teaches us to look hopefully to the future of even poor agricultural countries. The vast increase to the purchasing power of the world has not only let to cheap freight, but is daily tending to equalize the prices of food and materials at the main places of consumption—the difference in the price of wheat in the Lothians and the Nerbudda Valley lying mainly in the cost of carriage and a small commission, for the keen age of competition has reduced all charges to a minimum. While, therefore, the English agriculturist is smarting under imports from Australia and the colonies and foreign countries, at lower prices than that at which he can rear the same, there is hope for those at a distance getting better average prices than formerly. If I am right the future of India therefore becomes more cheerful. Improve the means of communication, and increase the purchasing power. You will thus foster the power of exchanging her productions for those of the great nations of the West. Rapid communication by telegraph, by steam, and by rail is tending to make one vast commercial community of the various nations in the world. In the interchange of commodities, three different currencies come into play—the gold, the bi-metallic, and the silver. Had there been only one we should never have seen the disturbances to which we have been subjected. Owing to the limited supply of gold, and more being required of it than formerly on account of the changes recently made in the German coinage, the metal has risen greatly in value or to use a term now much in vogue, it has appreciated; but notwithstanding the strong cry about the depreciation in silver, and the increased quantity in which it has lately been found that metal has maintained its own, and more than its own, as against commodities. A comparative table of prices prepared on the basis of those ruling during the past five years would at once prove the accuracy of my statement. Violent changes cannot take place without revolutionizing existing interests, and this Chamber would not be doing its duty if it did not contemplate alterations. No subject is deserving of greater consideration, and we all therefore trust that the matter will be well weighed. There have been alterations in the comparative value of gold and silver before now, and there are sure to be further changes long after our time. Metals, like all other articles, are regulated by the laws of supply and demand. In the age of Herodotus, the value of silver to gold was as 13 to 1; in the time of Julius Cæsar, as 7½ to 1: during the wars of the Roses, as 10 to 1; quite recently 15½ to 1. But we have now reached the level of 18½ to 1. What is unhinging commerce at the present time is the continual fluctuations, and as these seem very little hope of at least two of the leading nations of Europe resorting to bi-metallism (a most excellent theory), silver must fall to its level. I am afraid that India is now too poor a country for a gold currency. Artificial hankering after currency will not assist us. The Government policy with regard to council drafts cannot be looked on as a success; and at one time it tended to aggravate the famine. Large sums on India Bills were sold when such were not wanted. The policy of the old East India Company was in many respects preferable. Up to the year 1860-61 inclusive, the Home Treasury was open at all times for the sale of bills on India, at rates altered from time to time by advertisement. The drawings in the company's days averaged about 2½ crores of rupees per annum and seldom or ever exceeded 4 crores in any one year. No wonder the weight of 20 crores is proving too much, and it will continue to do so until the country is visited by more bountiful harvests and intersected by those public works which are a necessity alike in times of famine or prosperity. We cannot urge their construction too strongly. There is another matter in which the Chamber has of late years taken a great deal of interest, namely, the abolition of transit duties. The exactions of petty municipalities in the Mofussil, on goods passing in transit to the interior and vice versâ, have been

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS
HEAD OFFICE,
PARIS.
SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£2,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£800,000

LONDON BANKERS.
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
London Office, 52, Threadneedle Street, E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercia towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.
F. VOUILLON, Acting Manager.
1, Rampart Row, W.

THE AGRA BANK (LIMITED.)
CAPITAL—£1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND—£1,50,000.

BOMBAY BRANCH
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and Interest allowed thereon at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.
GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other prescription of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.
All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.
Bombay, 10th April 1875.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
PAID UP CAPITAL.....Dollars 5,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....Dollars 1,300,000
HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.
BOMBAY AGENCY.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and Interest allowed: Fixed Deposits received on the following terms, viz.:—
Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal. Interest at 5 per cent. per annum.
6 do. do. do. 4 do. do.
For shorter periods special arrangements can be made on terms to be ascertained on application.
All letters to be addressed and remittances made payable to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.
G. E. NOBLE, Agent.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

SCHNAPPS.
ANTI-DYSPEPTIC ANTI-RHEUMATIC CORDIAL.

The enormous sale of Henke's Aromatic Schnapps in the Colonies, and the excellence of the Spirit as a medicinal agent, has induced us to secure the Right for its exclusive Sale in India. We advise the Public to acquaint themselves with the article. The Price, duty paid, is as follows:—
CASH Rs. 18; CREDIT Rs. 18-8 per doz.
CUTLER, PALMER & Co.

LIGHT RED WINE FOR THE HOT SEASON.
VERY sound and of splendid aroma, at Rs. 8 per dozen Quarts. Apply to
EDULJEE WOOKERJEE, French Dubash.
No. 1, Oak Lane.

FOR SALE,
CLARET IN WOOD AND CASES.

Montferrant Claret of 46 to 50 Galls. Hhd.			Rs. 170
St. Emilion do.	do.	do.	,, 220
St. Julien do.	do.	do.	,, 215
Medoc per dozen quarts			,, 15
St. Julien do.			,, 18
Margaux do.			,, 25

BRANDY IN CASES.

Cognac Vieux per dozen		Rs. 18
Cognac Champagne do.		,, 20

Enquire at Messrs. DESCHAMPS & Co., Parsee Bazar Street, Elphinstone Circle.

McEWAN'S BEER.
THE NEW BREW is now being received; it is of excellent quality and is highly recommended.
PRICES FOR CASH.
Quarts ....Rs. 4 12 per doz. in Casks of 4 doz.
Pints ..... ,, 3 0 ,, ,, 7 doz.
Hogsheads..,, 60 0 per hhd. ,,
Kilderkins. ,, 30 0 per kild.
Apply to
WALLACE & Co., Sole Agents.
Parsee Bazar Street, Bombay.

G. & H. MUMM'S CHAMPAGNE
(EXTRA DRY.)
THE Undersigned have been APPOINTED GENERAL AGENTS in India for the above Wine, which is very highly appreciated both in England and United States. Bonfort's Wine and Liquor Circular, New York, dated 10th January 1879, gives the following in its statement of the quantities of Champagne imported at New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and other Ports of the United States during 1878:—

G. H. Mumm and Co.	35,906 doz. bottles.	
Piper Heidsieck	19,636	do.
L. Roederer	13,469	do.
Moet and Chandon	5,478	do.
Heidsieck and Co.	5,401	do.
Yve. Cliequot Ponsardin	2,712	do.
Giesler and Co.	1,960	do.

Price per case of one doz. quarts .....Rs. 53
Do. do. of two doz. pints .....,, 55
N.B.—Orders from Out stations must be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.
F. SAUQUET & Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

THE UNITED SERVICE WINE COMPANY.
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
Opposite Custom House,
BOMBAY.
PRICE LIST.
CHAMPAGNE.
From Dufaut & Cie, Chateau de Pierry, Epernay.
Gold Medal, Paris Exhibition, 1878.

	Per Doz. Qts.	Rs. a. Pts.	Rs. a.
Sillery Extra (extra dry)	25	8 —	16 0
Chateau de Pierry ,,	29	12 —	17 4
Ay Mousseux superior	34	8 —	18 8
Royal Sillery, 1st quality	39	8 —	22 0
Vin de Cabinet (extra dry)	44	0 —	...
Vin de Reserve	49	0 —	...

RHINE AND MOSELLE WINES.
(*Still and Sparkling.*)

	Per doz Qts.	Rs. a.
Laubenheimer or Erbacher		16 8
Bodenheimer		18 8
Niersteiner		20 4
Liebfraumilch, 1868		30 0
Johannisberg, 1868		36 0
Steinberg Cabinet, 1868		50 0
Brauneberg Moselle		20 0
Moselle blumchen (Flower)		24 0
Berncastler Doctor, 1868		40 0

SHERRY.

	Doz. Qts	Rs. a.
Old Brown Sherry (soft and pure)		16 8
Old Pale Sherry (light and dry)		17 4
Very old Pale Sherry		24 0
Very old Montilla of Cordova (dry and light), specially recommended		28 8
Very old Amber Oloroso (selected). A wine of delicious flavour and bouquet		30 0
Manzanilla (real), extremely dry, recommended for Invalids		31

PORT.

	Rs. a.
Pure Oporto Wine, old, rich and full-bodied	18 0
Ditto very old, matured in wood	20 8
Superior, Vintage Port	24 0
Extra Superior, for Invalids, very old	26 0

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., FOR SALE at the Godowns of the Undersigned:—
* CLARETS:—FROM H. AND C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau de Frands	Rs. 14 per doz. Qts.	
Do. do.	,, 16 per case of 2 doz pints.	
Do. Lafitte	,, 25 per doz. Qts.	
Les Canons	,, 18 per doz. Qts.	
Do. do.	,, 20 per case of 2 doz. pints.	
Chateau Leoville	,, 20 per doz. Qts.	

* OCRS:—FROM G. M. PABSTMANN SOHN, MAYENCE.

Geisenheimer	,, 20 per doz. Qts.	
Liebfraumilch	,, 24 ,,	
Do.	,, 27 per case of 2 doz. pints.	
Steinwein	,, 24 per doz. Qts.	
Hochheimer	,, 30 ,,	
Ruedesheimer	,, 30 ,,	
Do.	,, 33 per case of 2 doz. pints.	
Marcobrunner	,, 35 per doz. Qts.	
Do.	,, 36 per case of 2 doz. pints.	
Queen Victoria Berg	,, 38 per doz. Qts.	

BEER:—
Norway Pale Ale .....Rs. 18 per case of 2 doz. Qts.
IND COOPE & Co.'s PALE ALE....Rs. 20 per Cask of 4 doz. qts.

Just landed ex Steamer Manilla, a fresh consignment of KREUZNACHER EXPORT BEER at Rs. 6-8 annas per dozen quarts, net Cash.
CHAMPAGNE:—
Eugene Clicquot's Carte Blanche ....Rs. 42 per case of 2 doz. pints.
F. Giesler & Co.'s *Champagne*.Rs. 55 per case of 2 per doz. Qts.
* BRANDY:—
Fromy and Rogée's *** Cognac....Rs. 30 per doz. Qts.
Boulestin & Co.'s * ,, 30 ,,

CALIFORNIAN FRUITS.
Pears, Peaches, Plums, Cherries, Apples, Apricots, Grapes, Rs. 12 per dozen tins.
CALIFORNIAN JELLIES.
Currants, Blackberry, Quince, Strawberry, Plums, Raspberry, Rs. 12½ per doz. tins.
SPECIAL TERMS TO REGIMENTAL MESSES, CLUBS, &c.
Outstation Orders must be accompanied by cash or reference for payment in Bombay.
Those marked with an asterisk * carry a discount of 10 per cent. if cash accompanies the order.
VOLKART BROTHERS.
Rampart Row, Fort.

WANTED.

WANTED,
HEAD CLERK for the Office of the Traffic Superintendent, DHOND AND MANMAD STATE RAILWAY. Salary Rupees 110, rising by annual increment to Rupees 160. None but THOROUGHLY QUALIFIED MEN need apply. Application, enclosing copies of Testimonials, to be forwarded to the undersigned.
W. J. CHAMBERLAIN, Traffic Superintendent, D. and M. S. Railway.
Ahmednagar, 5th May 1879.

NOTICES.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the FIFTEENTH ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held in the Fort premises on THURSDAY, the 15th May 1879, at 4 p. m.
1. To receive the Accounts made up to 31st March 1879, and the Directors' Report.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect a Director.
4. To elect Auditors and fix their remuneration.
By Order,
JOHN CAMERON, Manager in India.
Bombay, 7th May 1879.

GENTLEMEN'S HOSIERY AND TRAVELLERS' DEPARTMENT.

Sixteen varieties in Undervests.
Fourteen varieties in Drawers.
Thirty varieties in Socks.
Linen Collars and Cuffs.
White and Colored Shirtings.
Oxford and Flannel Shirts.
White and Colored Handkerchiefs.
Scarfs, Knots, and Neck Ties.
Overland Portmanteaus.
Solid Leather Portmanteaux.
Disraelis, Gladstones, and Valises
Rugs, Straps, Sticks.
Cotton and Silk Umbrellas.
Military, Driving, and Kid Gloves.
Studs, Links, Solitaires.
Clothes, Tooth, and Hair Brushes.
Horn, and Rubber Hair Combs.
Sponges, Soaps, Flasks.
Pocket Filters.
Patent Leather Military Boots.
Plain Calf Military Boots.
Patent Leather Elastic Side Shoes.
Patent Leather Lace Shoes.
Brown Canvas Racket Shoes
With Reeded Rubber Soles.
Catalogues forwarded on application.
WATSON AND COMPANY,
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

MR. JERAMDASS KULOOMUL begs to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Bombay and of the Mofussil, that he has OPENED a SHOP in No. 3, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, and has always ready on hand EMBROIDERED WORKS of Sind, China, Mooltan, Madras, Cashmere, and Delhi—such as Shawls, Cloaks, Handkerchiefs, Cushions, Dress, Silk of all kinds, &c., &c., and also Silver and Gold Delhi, Trichinopoly, Cashmere, and Bombay Jewellery, Diamond Rings, Mooltan and Kraun Carpets, and Bombay and Surat Work Boxes, Moorsdabad and Benares Vessels, &c., &c.
All the above articles are warranted to be of the best Manufacture and are especially made for presents to friends in Europe.
N.B.—Orders from Out-stations will be promptly carried out on moderate Terms.

THE ANGLO-AMERICAN PATENT
RUBBER HAND STAMP
Promptly supplied at the Factory
MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY,
used in the Bank of England, General Post Office, Government Offices, Railways, Banks, Companies, Professions, Families, and Businesses of all kinds, universally approved. Prices moderate. Excellence and Durability Guaranteed. Patterns and Prices post free on application.
☞ In order that every one may fairly test the merits of our Stamp, we have introduced a small Specimen Stamp, AN ELEGANT INITIAL LETTER, suitable for note paper, envelopes &c., complete, with Ink, in a neat box, for TWO RUPEES.

THACKER & Co., LIMITED.
SURVEYING AND MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS & MATERIALS.

Theodolites.	Plotting Scales.
Dumpy Levels.	Architects' Scales.
Levelling Staves.	Marquois Scales.
Prismatic Compasses.	Protractors (all kinds).
Pocket Sextants.	Pocket Rules.
Optical Squares.	Parallel Rulers (all kinds).
Clinometers.	Measuring Tapes.
Spirit Levels,	Do. Chains.
Pocket Levels.	T. Squares.
Pantographs.	Set Squares.
Cases of Instruments.	Straight Edges.
Pocket Sets.	Railway Curves.
Half Sets.	French Curves.
Spare Instruments.	Drawing Boards.
Field Books.	Stencil Plates.
Level Books.	Mounted Drawing Papers.
ote Books.	Cartoon Papers.
Mapping Pens.	Tracing Cloth.
Indian Ink.	Tracing Paper.
Sundries.	Sectional Paper.

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

Dry Water Colours.	Drawing Papers.
Moist do. in pans.	Oil Sketching Paper.
Slow drying do. in tubes.	Prepared Canvas.
Oil Colours in tubes.	Do. Millboards.
Dry Water Colour Boxes.	Mahl Sticks.
Moist ditto.	Palettes, Slabs, &c.
Oil Colour Boxes.	Palette Knives.
Illuminating Colour Boxes.	Dippers, &c.
Camel Hair Pencils.	Bristol Boards.
Siberian do.	Mounting Boards.
Sable do.	Drawing Pencils.
Hog Hair Tools for Oils.	Crayons.
Sable ditto.	Gold and Silver Shells.
Varnishes, Oils, &c.	Gold Leaf.
Sundries.	

THACKER AND CO., LIMITED,
ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE—Best known Remedy for Indigestion, Liver Complaints, and all Functional Derangements.
DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE is extensively used in the Army and Navy, and highly recommended by the Medical Faculty.
DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE—Only Reliable Remedy for Nervousness, Nervous Debility, Lassitude, Loss of Power, Depression, Female Complaints, Pimples, Premature Decline, etc.
DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE—Beware of a worthless and Injurious Imitation of Dr. Bright's (The Only Genuine Phosphodyne.
DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE is Sold by All Medicine Vendors Throughout the Globe.

JOHN BLEES,
TRAVELLING PHOTOGRAPHER.
LETTERS to be ADDRESSED, care of Messrs. KING, KING and Co., Bombay.

ALLAN'S SUPERIOR NEW TWEEDS.

Coat and Trousers	Rs. 16, 20 & 25
Do. do.	,, 30 to 45
Fine Black and Blue Serge Suits	Rs. 26
Fine Black Cloth Morning Coats	,, 36
Do. do. Frock Coats	,, 40
Fancy Tweed Trousers	Rs. 8 to 16

DRESS AND OXFORD CLOTH SHIRTS.
Oxford Cloth Shirts, six for Rs. 25 to 27
French Cambric Stripes and Spots with Collars, six for.....Rs. 25
HOSIERY AND FANCY NECK TIES.
5, HUMMUM STREET.

SCOTT & CO., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.
HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5; Livery for Horses on Commission sale, Rs. 30 per month including syce; Horses in infirmary Rs. 1 per day; Commission Rs. 17 from purchaser and seller on horse sold.
Every care and attention devoted to Shoeing and Breaking to Harness, both being under our immediate supervision. Horses sent from up-country will meet with a ready market.

HORSES ON COMMISSION SALE.
A very handsome Bay Arab Mare, 5 years old, 14-3 high broken to and fast in harness, Rs. 1,000. Also a Dogcart by Bennett and Co., Inswich, has been very little used, and is a very stylish Cart, Rs. 550.
An Iron Grey Arab Horse, 5 years old, 14-2½ high, is very strong, a good mover, quiet and fast in harness, suitable for Brougham or Dogcart, Rs. 400.
A strong and powerfully built white Arab, aged, 14-1 high, goes well in saddle and harness, Rs. 350.
A Bay Australian Gelding, 5 years, 15-3 high, goes in all harness, is quiet to ride and a good fencer, Rs. 700.
A Bay entire Waler, aged, 15-2 high a handsome upstanding horse, is a passed cavalry charger, Rs. 500.
A Bay Arab Gelding, 7 years, 14-1 high, a showy saddle horse and a free goer, Rs. 400.
An English Dogcart in good order, very light and strong, Rs. 250.
Girgaum Veterinary Stables, Bombay, 19th April 1879.

BOURNE AND SHEPHERD,
PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS,
No. 10, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY,
(Near the Esplanade Hotel.)
ALSO AT
CALCUTTA AND SIMLA.
STUDIO FOR PORTRAITURE OPEN DAILY
FROM 9 A.M. TILL 4 P.M.
INDIAN SCENERY.
Messrs. BOURNE and SHEPHERD'S collection of Photographs of Indian Scenery is the LARGEST and BEST existing.
These Photographs represent Scenes in Cashmere, N. W. Provinces, the principal Hill Sanitaria, the snowy ranges of the Himalayas, Neilgherries, Southern India, Ceylon, Calcutta, Bombay Presidency, Rajpootana and Burmah.
RAJPOOTANA.
A handsomely-bound Album containing 30 large Views of Architectural Remains and beautiful Scenery in Rajpootana with copious Letter-press Description by J. Burgess, Esq., F.R.G.S., M.R.A.S. Price per copy Rs. 100.
N.B.—The above volume would be very suitable for presentation to Friends at Home.
COLOURING.
Portraits painted in Oil or Water Colour, from the smallest Miniature up to the size of Life.
"CARTES" of European and Anglo-Indian Celebrities, Native Chiefs and Native Characters, Frames, Cases and Albums, a great variety always in stock.
August 1st 1875. 10 Rampart Row.

NOTICE.
WINES AND SPIRITS IN WOOD.
INCLUDING DUTY AND TOWN DUTY.
PACKED in Wickered Jars containing one gallon, two gallons, and four gallons.
These Jars are light, clean, safe, require no packing, and are economical.
The charge is Rs. 2 for one gallon, Rs. 3 for two gallons, and Rs. 4 for four gallons. Wood Taps, Re. 1-8 each. Plated Taps, Rs. 4 each.
Also in Casks containing 8 gallons, 12 gallons, 20 gallons, and 60 gallons.
A great saving is effected in purchasing Wines and Spirits in Wood, and there is no loss of Breakage.

COGNACS.

	Per Imperial Gall. Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
* Star, a capital peg Brandy	10 0	10 4
** Stars, a pale pleasant spirit, delicate flavour	10 12	11 0
*** Stars, fine old Cognac, soft pale, mellow flavour and strongly recommended for general consumption	12 8	13 0
**** Stars, very superior old pale, of great age and delicate flavour	14 8	15 0

WHISKIES.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Irish and Scotch, per Imperial Gallon	8 9	9 0

SHERRIES.
MANZANILLA.—This natural Sherry is very pale, dry, and has a good aroma.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Per Im. Gall.	8 9	9 0
,, Qtr. Cask of about 27 Im. Galls.	216 0	236 0

VINO DE PASTO.—An excellent pale and very dry luncheon wine.

Per Im. Gall	7 10	8 0
,, Qtr. Cask of about 27 Im. Galls.	180 4	195 0

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

HAMILTON AND CO.,
JEWELLERS
TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.
GOLD STUDS AND SLEEVE LINKS.
Sets of three Studs, Collar Button, and Sleeve Links, or Solitaires, in **plain dead Gold**, *are very fashionable and much worn just now.*
Price the set, Rs. 52, or Studs Rs. 18: Sleeve Links or Solitaires, Rs. 23; Collar Button, Rs. 9; 18 carat Gold.
Horse Shoe Sets. Rs. 62. **Lapped and Engraved Sets.** Rs. 68.
Engraved Sets. from Rs. 40.
Engraved and Enamelled Sets. from Rs. 45. **Onyx or Sardonyx Sets.** from Rs. 60.
COMPLETE DRESS SETS.
All Gold, "Knot" Pattern, 5 Vest Buttons, 3 Shirt Studs, and Collar Button, with Sleeve Links, Rs. 95.
DRESS VEST BUTTONS IN SETS OF 5 & 6.
Pearl Centre and Enamelled, Rs. 115.
Turquoise Pave, Rs. 95. Enamelled Strap and Buckle, Rs. 110. Coral, Rs. 65. All Gold, Rs. 63. Onyx, Rs. 44 & 70
White Cornelian, Rs. 49 and 45. Malachite, Rs. 26.
COLLAR BUTTONS.
Plain Engraved or Set with Stones, from Rs. 9 to 25.
Set with fine Brilliant Diamond, Rs. 40 to 200.
STUDS.
In great variety—plain Gold, Engraved, or Set with Stones, from Rs. 12 to 100.
17th April 1879. Rampart Row.

GRIFFITHS' PATENT WHITE
OR
OXY-SULPHIDE OF ZINC PAINT,
MANUFACTURED BY
GRIFFITHS, FLETCHER, & BERDOE,
SEEL STREET, LIVERPOOL,
Covers 100 per cent. more than Oxide Zinc.
Covers 25 per cent. more than White Lead.
It retains its Whiteness under all conditions.
A Red Heat will not destroy it.
Will never Blister.
Is Non-poisonous—Has no Smell.
Has no Chemical Action upon Metals.
The Patent Zinc White, or substitute for Lead, invented and patented by Mr. Thomas Griffiths, of Oxton, Liverpool, received the highest possible praise at the Meetings of "The Society of Arts and Manufactures," London, and "The Social Science Congress."

THE Manufacture of "GRIFFITHS' PATENT WHITE" formed the subject of a lecture at the Society of Arts in the Spring of 1877, and has been reported upon by the leading scientific Chemists, Paint Merchants, Decorators, &c., &c.; was brought before the International Congress of Hygiene, at Paris, in August 1878, by Professor Lutschaunig and Dr. Phipson; and in the same month before the British Association, in Dublin; in October, a paper was read upon it at the Social Science Congress in Cheltenham, by Dr. Bartlett; and it was the subject of a paper read during the session of 1878 of the Paris Academy of Science. At the Paris International Exhibition, 1878, the highest distinction which was conferred upon paints, viz., The only Silver Medal, was awarded to it, and at the Sanitary Institute of Great Britain it obtained the Prize Medal. It has been most favourably reported on in the "Lancet," "Engineering," "Engineer," "Builder," "Architect," "Chemical News," "Sanitary Record," "Society of Arts Journal," "Scientific American," "Journal of Chemical Society," "Moniteur," "L'Exposition de Paris," "Lloyd's Official List," "New York Tribune," "New York Times," "Comptes-Rendus," of the French Academy of Science, &c., &c. Copies of any of the above reports can be had on application; also samples for trial.
So great has been the demand for it since its introduction, that the proprietors, who were producing about 25 TONS PER WEEK in Liverpool, have been compelled to purchase Extensive Works in London, where they can manufacture about 50 TONS EXTRA PER WEEK. They have also had to secure sufficient room to increase the production to 200 tons weekly, making them the largest producers of White Pigment in Europe.
WHITE LEAD possesses only one good property, viz., "covering power," it is poisonous, soon loses its opacity, and turns yellow with Sewer and other Gases, and prejudicially affects Iron and other metals.
OXIDE ZINC has scarcely half the covering power of lead, but it is whiter and retains its colour.
GRIFFITHS' PATENT ZINC WHITE has all the *good* properties of both the above without any of their drawbacks, viz., it has far more body than Lead, has double that of Oxide Zinc, has the same whiteness, will never change colour even in sulphuretted hydrogen (which destroys lead) and does not lose its opacity by age. It is calcined at a red heat in its manufacture, hence is almost indestructible, and, of course, will stand any variation of climate. Its durability is such that it is admirably adapted for protecting Iron, Wooden or Cement Structures in any exposed situations, from the effects of the weather.
PROFESSOR PHIPSON says: "It is one of the most ingenious and useful discoveries of modern times."
GRIFFITHS' PATENT NEW ZINC WHITE is at present used by the English and other Governments as well as large private firms.
Full reports from the highest scientific authorities in the kingdom, gratis, on applying to any Agents of the "Silicate Paint Company," Liverpool. The following are a few who have reported on this new pigment:—
PROFESSOR BARFF, M.A., Lecturer on Paint and Colours to Society of Arts, Chemist to Royal Academy, &c.
JOHNSON & SONS, Assayers to Bank of England, H.M. Mint, Council of India, &c.
PROFESSOR LUTSCHAUNIG, Liverpool Assay Office.
DR. PHIPSON, Fellow of Chemical Societies of London, Paris, and Antwerp; and of Royal Society of Natural Sciences, Brussels.
H. C. BARTLETT, Ph. D., F.C.S.
T. A. BRITTON, Surveyor to Metropolitan Board of Works.
C. H. TOZER, Decorator, and other Practical Men in the trade.
For full particulars apply to
F. HARLEY & Co., CALCUTTA.
JOHN CRUDDAS & Co., BOMBAY.

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MILLINER, DRESS-MAKER, SILK-MERCER, AND LADIES' OUTFITTER
CONSTANT SUPPLIES OF MILLINERY, &c., RECEIVED "OVERLAND."
A large STOCK of GOODS always on hand to select from.
ESTIMATES FOR MAKING UP DRESSES, &c., ON APPLICATION.
WEDDING and MOURNING Orders carefully and promptly attended to.
Estimates supplied for "WEDDING TROUSSEAUX."
Do. Do. for "MOURNING."
Price Lists on application.
Orders from Out-stations should be accompanied by a Remittance, or reference for Payment in Bombay.
MRS. LAKE,
UXBRIDGE HOUSE,
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BOMBAY.

"INVINCIBLE"
THE LIGHTEST CHEAPEST | SIMPLEST, AND MOST ECONOMICAL
CENTRIFUGAL PUMP
IN THE WORLD.
REQUIRES NO FOOT VALVES.
NEVER GETS STOPPED UP.
REQUIRES NO BENDS. PIPES CAN BE SWIVELLED TO ANY ANGLE WITHOUT DISTURBING BED-PLATE
For full Particulars apply to
JOHN & HENRY GWYNNE,
ENGINEERS,
89, CANNON STREET & HAMMERSMITH IRON WORKS,
LONDON.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS & CO.,
WATCH AND CLOCK MANUFACTURERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.
DIRECT the attention of intending purchasers to their large stock of Clocks for all purposes.
SCHOOL AND OFFICE CLOCKS,
In Ebony and Gold, Walnut, Rosewood, and Mahogany, including all the newest patterns in English, French, Austrian and American productions.
From Rs. 35 to Rupees 250 Cash.
MARBLE DINING-ROOM CLOCKS,
Gold Lined and Inlaid with Malachite, visible escapement, Jewelled Pallets, striking Hours and Half-hours.
From Rs. 90 to Rs. 250.
DRAWING-ROOM CLOCKS,
In Gilt, Nickel and Gilt, Ormolu and Alabaster.
Rs. 40 to Rs. 150, including glass shade and stand.
PALANQUIN CLOCKS AND TIME-PIECES.
We keep a large assortment of these useful Clocks, in every possible size and pattern, from the Miniature Time-piece, price Rs. 65, to the full-size quarter Repeater, Rs. 275. We can strongly recommend the full size Palkee Time-piece at Rs.5; ditto striking at Rs. 95. Our stock comprises upwards of 300 of these Elegant Clocks.
☞ Repairs of Clocks of every description are attended to with care by skilled European Workmen.
C. MARCKS AND CO.,
CLOCK MANUFACTURERS, BOMBAY AND POONA.

CHEAP PIANOFORTES
ON
COMMISSION SALE
AT
S. ROSE AND CO., 9, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.
WE beg to call attention to several good serviceable Pianofortes, the owners having left or are leaving India, their instruments are offered at very low prices as under:—

Schroeder Mahogany Square, 6¾ octaves	Rs. 250
Stodart Mahogany Square, 6 octaves	,, 260
Broadwood Mahogany Square, 6¾ octaves	,, 450
Broadwood Mahogany Square, 6¾ octaves	,, 450
Broadwood Mahogany Grand, 6 octaves	,, 490
Collard and Collard Grand Mahogany with Metal Bars and bridge, 6 octaves	,, 450
Schiedmayer, Black American Walnut, 7 octaves	,, 460
Broadwood Mahogany Square, 6¾ octaves	,, 550
Broadwood Mahogany Square, 6¾ octaves	,, 650
Rose and Co.'s Sympathetic Solid Mahogany compass, 7 octaves, been on hire for a short time only	,, 600
Rose and Co.'s Sympathetic Solid Mahogany, compass 7 octaves, been on hire for a short time only	,, 750

"SYMPATHETIC" PIANOFORTES.
Of which Rose and Co., Bombay, are the sole importers, have now been for nearly twenty years before the Indian Public, and their reputation is fully established as *the best Pianoforte for India*. Cash Price Rs. 850. Packing case of Tin and Wood, Rs. 25.
(The above are guaranteed by S. ROSE & Co.)
"Mofussil" Square Pianoforte.
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Solid Mahogany case, over-strung scale, tension bar, 7 octaves.
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NOTICES.

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NOTICE
OF THE SALE OF TRAVANCORE CARDAMOMS.
THERE will be offered FOR SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION at the Commercial Godowns, Alleppey, at 2 o'clock P. M. on MONDAY, the 19th May 1879, about 12 Candies more or less of TRAVANCORE CARDAMOMS in husk, the crop of the present season. At the same time and place a quantity of Beeswax, Ivory, Tea, and Dammer will also be sold.
2. The Cardamoms will be put up in lots of 10 Candies each or less at the request of the intending purchasers.
3. Purchasers will be required to pay on the day of sale a deposit of 20 R. per Candy and the full value of the purchase, deducting the deposit on removal of the article.
4. Payments to be made in British Rupees or in Chuckrums, at the rate of 84 Chuckrums to the Rupee.
5. The whole of the Cardamoms purchased should be cleared away in thirty days after date of sale, in default of which the purchasers will forfeit the amount of their deposit, and be responsible for all such loss as may be incurred on resale, without being entitled to any claim arising therefrom.
6. The Cardamoms will be taken alongside of the ship or vessel free of all expenses to the purchasers, but will be at their risk after being weighed over the Custom House at the Commercial Godowns.
7. The Government of His Highness the Maha Rajah reserves to itself the right of rejecting any bid without assigning a reason.
J. ROHDE,
Acting Commercial Agent to the Travancore Government.
Commercial Office, Alleppey, 17th April 1879.

NOTICE.
TO GOVERNMENT and MUNICIPAL ENGINEERS, &c., &c.—Messrs. W. B. JOHNSTON and Co., Contractors, are prepared to do any sort of Wood or Iron Work for Buildings, Bridges, Railway Waggons, &c. &c. &c. Timber in Balk or Scantlings supplied on the shortest notice. Drawings and Estimates prepared.
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HOTELS.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL AND PINTO'S HOTEL, MATHERAN.
MR. J. C. PINTO, the Proprietor of the both Hotels, begs to inform the Public that the above Hotels are now open to VISITORS. There are seven separate Bungalows attached to the Hotels well adapted for Families, for whose comfort every care is taken. The Hotels are well situated, occupy a central position and are therefore very conveniently placed within the reach of several POINTS. They are also nearest to the Station and in a breezy locality under the shade of large trees, which diminish the glare and keep the extensive compound always fresh and cool making it ESPECIALLY AGREEABLE in the HOT SEASON. Mr. Pinto undertakes to look after Bungalows on the Hill as a charge of Rs. 30 per annum.

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